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VICAR

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WAKEFIELD:

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T A L E.

SUPPOSED TO BE WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

Sperate miseri, cavete felices.

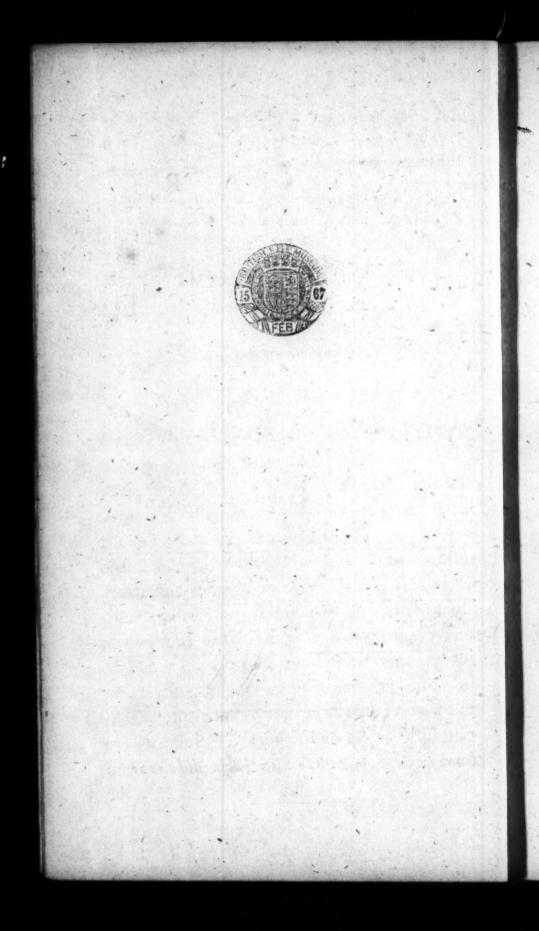
IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOL; I.

LONDON:

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Advertisement.

THERE are an hundred faults in this thing, and an hundred things might be faid, to prove them beauties. But it is needless. A book may be amusing, with numerous errors; or, it may be very dull, without a single absurdity. The hero of this piece unites in himself the three greatest characters upon earth; he is a priest, an husbandman, and the father of a family. He is drawn as ready to teach, and ready to obey; as simple in affluence, and majestic in adversity. In this age of opulence and refinement, whom can such a character please? Such as are fond of high life will turn with disdain from

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the fimplicity of his country fire-fide. Such as mistake ribaldry for humour, will find no wit in his harmless conversation; and such as have been taught to deride religion, will laugh at one whose chief stores of comfort are drawn from suturity.

OLIVER GOLDSMITH.

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THE

VICAR

OF

WAKEFIELD.

CHAP. I.

The description of the family of Wakefield; in which a kindred likeness pre-vails, as well of minds as of persons.

WAS ever of opinion, that the honest man who married, and brought up a large family, did more fervice than he who continued single, and only talked of population. From this motive, I had scarce taken orders a year, before I began to think seriously of matrimony, chose my wife as she did her wedding-gown, not for a sine glossy surface, but such qualities as would wear well. To do her justice, she was a good-natured notable

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woman;

woman; and as for breeding, there were few country ladies who at that time could show more. She could read any English book without much spelling; and for pickling, preserving, and cookery, none could excel her. She prided herself much also upon being an excellent contriver in house-keeping; yet I could never find that we grew richer with all her contrivances.

However, we loved each other tenderly, and our fondness increased with age. There was, in fact, nothing that
could make us angry with the world, or each other. We
had an elegant house, situated in a fine country, and a
good neighbourhood. The year was spent in moral or
rural amusements; in visiting our rich neighbours, or relieving such as were poor. We had no revolutions to sear,
nor fatigues to undergo; all our adventures were by the
fire-side, and all our migrations from the blue bed to the
brown.

As we lived near the road, we often had the traveller or stranger come to taste our gooseberry wine, for which we had great reputation; and I profess, with the veracity of an historian, I never knew one of them find fault with it. Our cousins, too, even to the fortieth remove, all remembered their assinity, without any help from the Herald's office, and came very frequently to see us. Some of them did us no great honour, by these claims of kindred; for, literally speaking, we had the blind, the maimed, and the halt, amongst the number. However, my wife always infisted, that, as they were the same fless and blood with us, they should sit with us at the same table. So that, if we had not very rich, we generally had very happy friends about us; for this remark will ever hold good through life,



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That the poorer the guest, the better pleased he ever is with being treated: and, as some men gaze with admiration at the colours of a tulip, and others are smitten with the wing of a buttersty, so I was, by nature, an admirer of happy human faces. However, when any one of our relations was found to be a person of very bad character, a trouble-some guest, or one we desired to get rid of; upon his leaving my house for the first time, I ever took care to lend him a riding-coat, or a pair of boots, or sometimes an horse of small value; and I always had the satisfaction of sinding he never came back to return them. By this, the house was cleared of such as we did not like: but never was the samily of Wakesield known to turn the traveller or the poor dependent out of doors.

Thus we lived feveral years in a state of much happiness; not but that we sometimes had those little rubs which Providence sends to enhance the value of its savours. My orchard was often robbed by school-boys, and my wife's custards plundered by the cats of the children. The Squire would sometimes fall asseep in the most pathetic parts of my sermon, or his lady return my wife's civilities at church with a mutilated courtesy. But we soon got over the uneasiness caused by such accidents; and usually in three or four days we began to wonder how they vexed us.

My children, the offspring of temperance, as they were educated without foftness, so they were at once well formed and healthy; my sons hardy and active; my daughters dutiful and blooming. When I stood in the midst of the little circle, which promised to be the supports of my declining age, I could not avoid repeating the famous story.

of Count Abensberg, who, in Henry II.'s progress through Germany, when other courtiers came with their treasures. brought his thirty-two children, and presented them to his Sovereign as the most valuable offering he had to bestow. In this manner, though I had but fix, I confidered them as a very valuable prefent made to my country, and, confequently, looked upon it as my debtor. Our eldest fon was named George, after his uncle, who left us ten thousand pounds. Our fecond child, a girl, I intended to call after her aunt Grizel; but my wife, who, during the time of her pregnancy, had been reading romances, infifted upon her being called Olivia. In less than another year we had a daughter again; and now I was determined that Grizel should be her name; but a rich relation taking a fancy to fland godmother, the girl was, by her directions, called Sophia; fo that we had two romantic names in the family; but I folemaly protest I had no hand in it. Moses was our next; and, after an interval of twelve years, we had two fons more.

It would be fruitless to deny my exultation, when I saw my little ones about me; but the vanity and satisfaction of my wife were even greater than mine. When our visitors would usually say, "Well, upon my word, Mrs. Primrose, "you have the finest children in the whole country." "Ay, neighbour," she would answer, "they are as "Heaven made them, handsome enough, if they be good enough; for handsome is, that handsome does." And then she would bid the girls hold up their heads; who, to conceal nothing, were certainly very handsome. Mere outside is so very trisling a circumstance with me, that I should scarce have remembered to mention it, had it not been

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been a general topic of conversation in the country. Olivia, now about eighteen, had that luxuriancy of beauty with which painters generally draw Hebe; open, sprightly, and commanding. Sophia's features were not so striking at first; but often did more certain execution; for they were soft, modest, and alluring. The one vanquished by a single blow, the other by efforts successively repeated.

The temper of a woman is generally formed from the turn of her features, at least it was so with my daughters. Oliva wished for many lovers, Sophia to secure one. Oliva was often affected, from too great a defire to please. Sophia even repressed excellence, from her fears to offend. The one entertained me with her vivacity when I was gay, the other with her fense when I was serious. But these qualities were never carried to excess in either; and I have often feen them exchange characters for a whole day together. A fuit of mourning has transformed my coquette into a prude; and a new fet of ribbands given her younger fifter more than natural vivacity. My eldest son George was bred at Oxford, as I intended him for one of the learned professions. My second boy, Moses, whom I defigned for business, received a fort of a miscellaneous education at home. But it would be needless to attempt describing the particular characters of young people that had feen but very little of the world. In short, a family likeness prevailed through all; and, properly speaking, they had but one character, that of being all equally generous, credulous, fimple, and inoffenfive.

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CHAP. II.

Family misfortunes. The loss of fortune only serves to increase the pride of the worthy.

THE temporal concerns of our family were chiefly committed to my wife's management: as to the spiritual, I took them entirely under my own direction. The profits of my living, which amounted but to thirty-sive pounds a year, I gave to the orphans and widows of the clergy of our diocese; for, having a sufficient fortune of my own, I was careless of temporalities, and selt a secret pleasure in doing my duty without reward. I also set a resolution of keeping no curate, and of being acquainted with every man in the parish, exhorting the married men to temperance, and the batchelors to matrimony; so that, in a sew years, it was a common saying, That there were three strange wants at Wakesield, a parson wanting pride, young men wanting wives, and ale-houses wanting customers.

Matrimony was always one of my favourite topics, and I wrote feveral fermons to prove its utility and happiness: but there was a peculiar tenet which I made a point of supporting; for I maintained with Whiston, That it was unlawful for a priest of the church of England, after the death of his first wife, to take a second; or, to express it in one word, valued myself upon being a strict monogamist.

I was early initiated into this important dispute, on which so many laborious volumes have been written. I published fe

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published some tracts upon the subject myself, which, as they never fold, I have the confolation of thinking, are read only by the happy few. Some of my friends called this my weak fide; but, alas! they had not, like me, made it the subject of long contemplation. The more I reflected upon it, the more important it appeared. I even went a step beyond Whiston in displaying my principles: as he had engraven upon his wife's tomb, that she was the only wife of William Whiston; so I wrote a similar epitaph for my wife, though still living, in which I extolled her prudence, economy, and obedience, till death; and having got it copied fair, with an elegant frame, it was placed over the chimney-piece, where it answered several very useful purposes. It admonished my wife of her duty to me, and my fidelity to her; it inspired her with a passion for fame, and constantly put her in mind of her end.

It was thus, perhaps, from hearing marriage so often recommended, that my eldest son, just upon leaving college, fixed his affections upon the daughter of a neighbouring clergyman, who was a dignitary in the church, and in circumstances to give her a large fortune: but fortune was her smallest accomplishment. Miss Arabella Wilmot was allowed by all, except my two daughters, to be completely pretty. Her youth, health, and innocence, were still heightened by a complexion so transparent, and such an happy sensibility of look, that even age could not gaze with indifference. As Mr. Wilmot knew that I could make a very handsome settlement on my son, he was not averse to the match; so both families lived together in all that harmony which generally precedes an expected alliance. Being convinced, by experience, that the days of

courtship are the most happy of our lives, I was willing enough to lengthen the period; and the various amusements which the young couple every day shared in each other's company, feemed to increase their passion. We were generally awaked in the morning by music, and on fine days rode a hunting. The hours between breakfast and dinner the ladies devoted to dress and study: they usually read a page, and then gazed at themselves in the glass, which, even philosophers might own, often prefented the page of greatest beauty. At dinner, my wife took the lead; for, as she always insisted upon carving every thing herfelf, it being her mother's way, she gave us, upon these occasions, the history of every dish. When we had dined, to prevent the ladies leaving us, I generally ordered the table to be removed; and fometimes, with the music - master's assistance, the girls would give us a very agreeable concert. Walking out, drinking tea, country dances, and forfeits, hortened the rest of the day, without the affistance of cards, as I hated all manner of gaming, except backgammon, at which my old friend and I sometimes took a two-penny hit. Nor can I here pass over an ominous circumstance that happened the last time we played together. I only wanted to fling a quatre, and yet I threw a deuce ace five times running.

Some months were elapsed in this manner, till at last it was thought convenient to fix a day for the nuptials of the young couple, who seemed earnestly to desire it. During the preparations for the wedding, I need not describe the busy importance of my wife, nor the sly looks of my daughters: in fact, my attention was fixed

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on another object, the completing a tract which I intended shortly to publish, in defence of monogamy. As I looked upon this as a master-piece, both for argument and style, I could not, in the pride of my heart, avoid showing it to my old friend, Mr. Wilmot, as I made no doubt of receiving his approbation; but too late I discovered, that he was most violently attached to the contrary opinion; and with good reason, for he was at that time actually courting a fourth wife. This, as may be expected, produced a dispute, attended with some acrimony, which threatened to interrupt our intended alliance: but on the day before that appointed for the ceremony, we agreed to discuss the subject at large.

It was managed with proper spirit on both sides: he afferted that I was heterodox: I retorted the charge: he replied, and I rejoined. In the mean time, while the controversy was hottest, I was called out by one of my relations, who, with a face of concern, advised me to give up the dispute, and allow the old gentleman to be a husband, if he could, at least till my fon's wedding was over. "How," cried I, " relinquish the cause of truth, " and let him be an husband, already driven to the very " verge of absurdity! you might as well advite me to " give up my fortune as my argument." " That for-" tune," returned my friend, " I am now forry to in-" form you, is almost nothing. Your merchant in town, " in whose hands your money was lodged, has gone off, " to avoid a statute of bankruptcy; and, it is thought, " has not left a shilling in the pound. I was unwilling " to shock you, or the family, with the account, till "after the wedding: but now it may serve to moderate VOL. I.

"your warmth in the argument; for I suppose your own prudence will enforce the necessity of dissembling, at least till your son has the young lady's fortune secure."

—Well," returned I, " if what you tell me be true, and if I am to be a beggar, it shall never make me a rascal, or induce me to disavow my principles. I'll go this moment and inform the company of my circumstances; and as for the argument, I even here retract my former concessions in the old gentleman's favour; nor will I allow him now to be an husband, either de jure, de facto, or in any sense of the expression."

It would be endless to describe the different sensations of both families, when I divulged the news of my miffortune; but what others selt was slight, to what the young lovers appeared to endure. Mr. Wilmot, who seemed before sufficiently inclined to break off the match, was, by this blow, soon determined; one virtue he had in persection, which was prudence, too often the only virtue that is left us unimpaired at seventy-two.

CHAP. III.

A migration. The fortunate circumstances of our lives are generally found at last to be of our own procuring.

THE only hope of our family now was, that the report of our misfortunes might be malicious or premature: but a letter from my agent in town foon came,

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came, with a confirmation of every particular. The loss of fortune, to myself alone, would have been trifling; the only uneafiness I felt was for my family, who were to be humble, without fuch an education as could render them callous to contempt.

Near a fortnight passed away before I attempted to restrain their affliction; for premature consolation is but the remembrance of forrow. During this interval, my thoughts were employed on some future means of supporting them; and at last a small cure of fifteen pounds a year was offered me in a distant neighbourhood, where I could fill enjoy my principles without moleftation: With this propofal I joyfully closed, having determined to increase my salary by managing a little farm.

Having taken this resolution, my next care was to get together the wrecks of my fortune; and, all debts collected and paid, out of fourteen thousand pounds we had now but four hundred remaining. My chief attention, therefore, was next to bring down the pride of my family to their circumstances; for I well knew, that aspiring beggary is wretchedness itself. "You can't be "ignorant, my children," cried I, "that no prudence " of ours could have prevented our late misfortune; 66 but prudence may do much in disappointing its effects. "We are now poor, my fondlings; and wisdom bids us conform to our humble fituation. Let us, then, with-Ye out repining, give up those splendors with which " numbers are wretched, and feek, in humbler circum-" stances, that peace with which all may be happy. The

[&]quot; poor live pleasantly without our help; and we are not

⁶⁴ fo imperfectly formed as to be capable of living with-

ont theirs. No, my children, let us, from this moment, give up all pretentions to gentility: we have fill enough left us for happiness, if we are wise; and let us draw upon Content for the deficiencies of Fortune."

As my eldest son was bred a scholar, I determined to fend him to town, where his abilities might contribute to our support and his own. The separation of friends and families is, perhaps, one of the most distressful circumflances attendant on penury. The day foon arrived on which we were to disperse for the first time. My fon, after taking leave of his mother and the rest, who mingled their tears with kiffes, came to ask a bleffing from me. This I gave him from my heart, and which, added to five guineas, was all the patrimony I had now to bestow. "You are going, my boy," cried I, " to "London on foot, in the manner Hooker, your great " ancestor, travelled there before you. Take from me " the fame horse that was given him by the good bishop. " Jewel, this staff, and this book too, it will be your " comfort on the way; these two lines in it are worth a million,-I have been young, and now am old; yet " never faw I the righteous man forfaken, or his feed beg-" ging their bread. Let this be your confolation as you " travel on. Go, my boy: whatever be thy fortune, " let me fee thee once a year : still keep a good heart, " and farewell." As he was possessed of integrity and honour, I was under no apprehensions from throwing him naked into the amphitheatre of life; for I knew he would aft a good part, whether he rose or fell.

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· His departure only prepared the way for our own, which arrived a few days afterwards. The leaving a neighbourhood in which we had enjoyed fo many hours of tranquillity, was not without a tear, which scarce fortitude itself could suppress. Besides, a journey of seventy. miles, to a family that had hitherto never been above ten from home, filled us with apprehension; and the cries of the poor, who followed us for some miles, contributed to increase it. The first day's journey brought us in safety within thirty miles of our future retreat; and we put up, for the night, at an obscure inn in a village by the way. When we were shown a room, I defired the landlord, in my usual way, to let us have his company, with which he complied, as what he drank would increase the bill next morning. He knew, however, the whole neighbourhood to which I was removing, particularly Squire. Thornhill, who was to be my landlord, and who lived within a few miles of the place. This gentleman he. described, as one who desired to know little more of the world than the pleasures it afforded, being particularly remarkable for his attachment to the fair fex. He obferved, that no virtue was able to refift his arts and. affiduity, and that scarce a farmer's daughter within ten. miles round but what had found him fuccessful and faithless. Though this account gave me some pain, it had a very different effect upon my daughters, whose features. feemed to brighten with the expectation of an approaching triumph; nor was my wife less pleased and confident of their allurements and virtue. While our thoughts. were thus employed, the hostess entered the room, to. inform her husband, that the strange gentleman, who had

been two days in the house, wanted money, and could not fatisfy them for his reckoning. "Want money!" replied the hoft, " that must be impossible; for it was " no later than yesterday he paid three guineas to our " beadle, to spare an old broken foldier, that was to be " whipped through the town for dog-ftealing." The hostess, however, still persisting in her first affertion, he was preparing to leave the room, fwearing that he would be fatisfied one way or other, when I begged the landlord would introduce me to a stranger of so much charity as he described. With this he complied, showing in a gentleman who feemed to be about thirty, dreffed in clothes that once were laced. His person was well formed, though his face was marked with the lines of thinking. He had fomething short and dry in his address, and feemed not to understand ceremony, or to despife it. Upon the landlord's leaving the room, I could not avoid expressing my concern to the stranger, at seeing a gentleman in fuch circumstances, and offered him my purse to fatisfy the present demand. " I take it with all my " heart, Sir," replied he, " and am glad that a late " overfight, in giving what money I had about me, has " shown me there is still some benevolence left among " us. I must, however, previously intreat being in-" formed of the name and residence of my benefactor, in " order to remit it as foon as possible." In this I satisfied him fully, not only mentioning my name and late misfortunes, but the place to which I was going to remove. "This," cried he, "happens still more luckily " than I hoped for, as I am going the same way myself, " having been detained here two days by the floods, " which,

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which, I hope, by to-morrow will be found passable." I testified the pleasure I should have in his company; and my wife and daughters joining in intreaty, he was prevailed upon to stay to supper. The stranger's conversation, which was at once pleasing and instructive, induced me to wish for a continuance of it; but it was now high time to retire and take refreshment against the satigues of the following day.

The next morning we all fet forward together; my family on horseback, while Mr. Burchell, our new companion, walked along the foot-path by the road fide, observing, with a smile, that, as we were ill-mounted, he would be too generous to attempt leaving us behind. As the floods were not yet subsided, we were obliged to hire a guide, who trotted on before, Mr. Burchell and I bringing up the rear. We lightened the fatigues of the road with philosophical disputes, which he seemed perfectly to understand. But what surprised me most was, that though he was a money-borrower, yet he defended his opinions with as much obstinacy as if he had been my patron. He now and then also informed me to whom the different feats belonged that lay in our view as we travelled the road. "That," cried he, pointing to a very magnificent house, which stood at some distance, " belongs to Mr. Thornhill, a young gentleman who " enjoys a large fortune, though entirely dependent on " the will of his uncle, Sir William Thornhill; a gen-" tleman, who, content with a little himself, permits " his nephew to enjoy the rest, and chiefly resides in " town." " What, I" cried I, " is my young landlord then the nephew of a man whose virtues, generosity, " and

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and fingularities, are fo univerfally known?-I have " heard Sir William Thornhill represented as one of the " most generous, yet whimsical men in the kingdom; " a man of confummate benevolence."-" Something, " perhaps too much fo," replied Mr. Burchell, " at " least he carried benevolence to an excess when young; " for his passions were then strong, and as they all were " upon the fide of virtue, they led it up to a romantic " extreme. He early began to aim at the qualifications " of the foldier and scholar; was soon distinguished in: " the army, and had fome reputation among men of " learning. Adulation ever follows the ambitious; for " fuch alone receive most pleasure from flattery. He was " furrounded with crowds, who showed him only one " fide of their character; fo that he began to lose a " regard for private interest in universal sympathy. He " loved all mankind; for fortune prevented him from " knowing that there were rascals. Physicians tell usof a disorder, in which the whole body is so exquisitely " fenfible, that the flightest touch gives pain: what " fome have thus suffered in their persons, this gentle-" man felt in his mind. The flightest distress, whether " real or fictitious, touched him to the quick, and his " foul laboured under a fickly fensibility of the miseries of others. Thus disposed to relieve, it will be easily " conjectured, he found numbers disposed to solicit: his " profusions began to impair his fortune, but not his " good-nature; that, indeed, was feen to increase, as "the other feemed to decay : he grew improvident as " he grew poor; and, though he talked like a man of " fense, his actions were those of a fool. Still, how-" ever;

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ever, being furrounded with importunity, and no lon-" ger able to fatisfy every request that was made him, " instead of money he gave promises. They were all he " had to bestow, and he had not resolution enough to " give any man pain by a denial. By this means he " drew round him crowds of dependents, whom he was " fure to disappoint, yet wished to relieve. These hung " upon him for a time, and left him with merited re-" proaches and contempt; But, in proportion as he " became contemptible to others, he became despicable " to himself. His mind had leaned upon their adula-" tion; and, that support taken away, he could find no " pleasure in the applause of his heart, which he had " never learned to reverence itself. The world now be-" gan to wear a different aspect; the flattery of his " friends began to dwindle into Timple approbation, " that foon took the more friendly form of advice; and " advice, when rejected, ever begets reproaches. He " now found, that fuch friends as benefits had gathered " round him, were by no means the most estimable: it " was now found, that a man's own heart must be ever e given to gain that of another. I now found, that-" but I forget what I was going to observe : in short, " Sir, he resolved to respect himself, and laid down a " plan of restoring his shattered fortune. For this pur-" pose, in his own whimsical manner, he travelled " through Europe on foot, and, before he attained the " age of thirty, his circumstances were more affluent " than ever. At present, therefore, his bounties are " more rational and moderate than before; but still he " preferves

" preserves the character of an humourist, and finds most pleasure in eccentric virtues."

My attention was fo much taken up by Mr. Burchell's account, that I fcarce looked forward as we went along, till we were alarmed by the cries of my family; when turning, I perceived my youngest daughter in the midst of a rapid stream, thrown from her horse, and struggling with the torrent. She had funk twice; nor was it in my power to disengage myself in time to bring her relief. My fensations were even too violent to permit my attempting her rescue: she would have certainly perished, had not my companion, perceiving her danger, instantly plunged in to her relief, and, with fome difficulty, brought her in fafety to the opposite shore. By taking the current a little farther up, the rest of the family got fafely over; where we had an opportunity of joining our acknowledgments to hers. Her gratitude may bemore readily imagined than described: she thanked her deliverer more with looks than words, and continued to lean upon his arm, as if still willing to receive assistance. My wife also, hoped one day to have the pleasure of returning his kindness at her own house. Thus, after we were all refreshed at the next inn, and had dined together, as he was going to a different part of the country, he took his leave, and we purfued our journey; my wife observing, as we went, that she liked Mr. Burchell extremely; and protesting, that, if he had birth and fortune to entitle him to match into fuch a family as ours, she knew no man she would sooner fix upon. I could not but smile to hear her talk in this strain: one almost at the verge of beggary, thus to assume language

of the most insulting affluence, might excite the ridicule of ill-nature; but I was never much displeased with those innocent delusions, that tend to make us more happy.

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CHAP. IV.

A proof that even the humblest fortune may grant happiness and delight, which depend, not on circumstance, but constitution.

THE place of our new retreat was in a little-neighbourhood, confisting of farmers, who tilled their own grounds, and were equally strangers to opulence and poverty. As they had almost all the conveniencies of life within themselves, they seldom visited towns or cities in fearch of superfluity. Remote from the polite, they still retained a primæval simplicity of manners, and, frugal by long habit, scarce knew that temperance was a virtue. They wrought with cheerfulness on days of labour; but observed festivals as intervals of idleness and pleasure. They kept up the Christmas carol; sent truelove knots on Valentine morning; eat pancakes on Shrovetide; showed their wit on the first of April; and religiously cracked nuts on Michaelmas eve. Being apprifed of our approach, the whole neighbourhood came out to meet their minister, dressed in their finest clothes. and preceded by a pipe and tabor: also a feast was prowided for our reception, at which we fat cheerfully down; and what the conversation wanted in wit, we made up in laughter.

Our little habitation was fituated at the foot of a floping hill, sheltered with a beautiful underwood behind, and a prattling river before: on one fide a meadow, on the other a green. My farm confifted of about twenty acres of excellent land, having given an hundred pounds for my predecessor's good will. Nothing could exceed the neatness of my little inclosures; the elms and hedgerows appearing with inexpressible beauty. My house confifted of but one flory, and was covered with thatch, which gave it an air of great fnugness; the walls on the infide were nicely white-washed, and my daughters undertook to adorn them with pictures of their own defigning. Though the same room served us for parlour and kitchen, that only made it the warmer. Besides, as it was kept with the utmost neatness, the plates, dishee, and coppers, being well scoured, and all disposed in bright rows on the shelves, the eye was agreeably relieved, and did not feem to want rich furniture. There were three other apartments, one for my wife and me, another for our two daughters, within our own; and the third, with two beds, for the rest of my children.

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The little republic to which I gave laws, was regulated in the following manner:—By fun-rife we all affembled in our common apartment; the fire being previously kindled by the fervant. After we had faluted each other with proper ceremony, (for I always thought fit to keep up fome mechanical forms of good-breeding, without which freedom ever destroys friendship,) we all bent in gratitude to that Being who gave us another day. This duty

duty being performed, my son and I went to pursue our usual industry abroad, while my wife and daughters employed themselves in providing breakfast, which was always ready at a certain time. I allowed half an hour for this meal, and an hour for dinner; which time was taken up in innocent mirth between my wife and daughters, and in philosophical arguments between my son and me.

As we rose with the sun, so we never pursued our labours after it was gone down, but returned home to the expecting family, where fmiling looks, a neat hearth, and pleasant fire, were prepared for our reception. Nor were we without other guests: sometimes farmer Flamborough, our talkative neighbour, and often the blind piper would pay us a visit, and taste our gooseberry wine, for the making of which we had lost neither the receipt nor the reputation. These harmless people had several ways of being good company; while one played the pipe, another would fing fome foothing ballad, Johnny Armstrong's last good-night, or the cruelty of Barbara Allen. The night was concluded in the manner we began the morning, my youngest boys being appointed to read the lessons of the day; and he that read loudest, distinctest, and best, was to have an halfpenny on Sunday, so put in the poor's box.

When Sunday came, it was indeed a day of finery, which all my fumptuary edicts could not restrain. How well soever I fancied my lectures against pride had conquered the vanity of my daughters, yet I still found them secretly attached to all their former sinery: they still loved laces, ribbands bugles, and catgut; my wife her-

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felf retained a passion for her crimson paduasoy, because I formerly happened to say it became her.

The first Sunday, in particular, their behaviour ferved to mortify me: I had defired my girls the preceding night to be dreffed early the next day; for I always loved to be at church a good while before the rest of the congregation. They punctually obeyed my directions; but when we were to affemble in the morning at breakfast, down came my wife and daughters, dreffed out in all their former fplendor; their hair plastered up with pomatum, their faces patched to tafte, their trains bundled up into an heap behind, and ruftling at every motion. I could not help finiling at their vanity, particularly that of my wife, from whom I expected more difcretion: in this exigence, therefore, my only resource was, to order my fon, with an important air, to call our coach. The girls were amazed at the command; but I repeated it with more folemnity than before. - "Surely, my dear, " you jest," cried my wife, " we can walk it perfectly " well; we want no coach to carry us now." " You " mistake, child," returned I, "we do want a coach; for, if we walk to church in this trim, the very chil-" dren in the parish will hoot after us for a show." " Indeed," replied my wife, " I always imagined that my Charles was fond of feeing his children neat and " handsome about him."-" You may be as neat as " you pleafe," interrupted I, " and I shall love you the "better for it; but all this is not neatness, but fripe pery. These rufflings, and pinkings, and patchings, will only make us hated by all the wives of ail our " neighbours. No, my children," continued I, more gravely,

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gravely. "these gowns may be altered into something of a plainer cut; for finery is very unbecoming in us, who want the means of decency. I do not know whether such flouncing and shredding is becoming even in the rich, if we consider, upon a moderate calculation, that the nakedness of the indigent world may be clothed from the trimmings of the vain."

This remonstrance had the proper effect; they went with great composure, that very instant, to change their dress; and the next day I had the satisfaction of sinding my daughters, at their own request, employed in cutting up their trains into Sunday waistcoats for Dick and Bill, the two little ones; and, what was still more satisfactory, the gowns seemed improved by being thus curtailed.

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As we wished as engage if we have hag dead

(Slottel most now that the test profit in abul again to

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-appetending and our young millerens began their miss!

A new and great acquaintance introduced. What we place most hopes upon, generally proves most fatal.

A Ta small distance from the house, my predecessor had made a seat, overshadowed by an hedge of haw-thorn and honey-suckle. Here, when the weather was fine, and our labour soon finished, we usually all sat together, to enjoy an extensive landscape, in the calm of the evening. Here, too, we drank tea, which now was become an occasional banquet; and, as we had it but seldom, it distused a new joy, the preparations for it being made

with no small share of bustle and ceremony. On these occassons, our two little ones always read for us, and they were regularly served after we had done. Sometimes, to give a variety to our amusements, the girls sung to the guittar; and while they thus formed a little concert, my wise and I would stroll down the sloping field, that was embellished with blue bells and centaury, talk of our children with rapture, and enjoy the breeze that wasted both health and harmony.

In this manner, we began to find, that every fituation in life might bring its own peculiar pleasures: every morning waked us to a repetition of toil; but the evening repaid it with vacant hilarity.

It was about the beginning of Autumn, on a holiday, (for I kept such as intervals of relaxation from labour) that I had drawn out my family to our usual place of amusement, and our young musicians began their usual concert. As we were thus engaged, we saw a stag bound nimbly by, within about twenty paces of where we were fitting, and, by its panting, it feemed pressed by the hunters. We had not much time to reflect upon the poor animal's diffress, when we perceived the dogs and horsemen come fweeping along at some distance behind, and making the very path it had taken. I was instantly for returning in with my family; but either curiofity or furprise, or fome more hidden motive, held my wife and daughters to their feats. The huntiman, who rode foremost, passed us with great swiftness, followed by four or five perfons more, who feemed in equal haste. At last, a young gentleman, of a more genteel appearance than the reft, came forward, and for a while regarding us, instead of purfuing

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pursuing the chace, stopped short, and giving his horse to a fervant who attended, approached us with a careless fuperior air. He feemed to want no introduction, but was going to falute my daughters, as one certain of a kind reception; but they had early learnt the lesson of looking prefumption out of countenance. Upon which, he let us know that his name was Thornhill, and that he was owner of the estate that lay for some extent round us. He again, therefore, offered to falute the female part of the family; and fuch was the power of fortune and fine clothes, that he found no second repulse. As his address, though confident, was easy, we soon became more familiar; and perceiving musical instruments lying near, he begged to be favoured with a fong. As I did not approve of fuch difproportioned acquaintances, I winked upon my daughters, in order to prevent their compliance; but my hint was counteracted by one from their mother; fo that, with a chearful air, they gave us a favourite fong of Dryden's. Mr. Thornhill feemed highly delighted with their performance and choice, and then took up the guittar himself. He played but very indifferently; however, my eldest daughter repaid his former applause with interest, and assured him, that his tones were louder than even those of her master. At this compliment he bowed, which she returned with a curtley. He praised her taste, and she communded his understanding. An age could not have made tham better acquainted: while the fond mother, too, equally happy, infifted upon her landlord's stepping in and. tailing a glass of her gooseberry. The whole family seemed earnest to please him: my girls attempted to entertain him with topics they thought most modern, while Moses, on the C 3 concontrary, gave him a question or two from the ancients; for which he had the satisfaction of being laughed at; for he always ascribed to his wit that laughter which was lavished at his simplicity: my little ones were no less busy, and fondly stuck close to the stranger. All my endeavours could scarce keep their dirty singers from handling and tarnishing the lace on his clothes, and lifting up the slaps of his pocket-holes, to see what was there. At the approach of evening, he took his leave; but not till he had requested permission to renew his visit; which, as he was our landlord, we most readily agreed to.

As foon as he was gone, my wife called a council on the conduct of the day. She was of opinion, that it was a most fortunate hit; for, that she had known even stranger things at last brought to bear. She hoped again to fee the day in which we might hold up our heads, with the best of them; and concluded, she protested she could see no reason why the two Miss Wrinkles should marry great fortunes, and her children get none. As this last argument was directed to me, I protested I could see no reason for it neither, nor why one got the ten thousand pound prize in the lottery, and another fat down with a blank. "But those," added I, "who either aim at husbands greater than them-" felves, or at the ten thousand pound prize, have been fools for their ridiculous claims, whether fuccessful or " not." "I protest, Charles," cried my wife, "this is " the way you always damp my girls and me, when we " are in spirits. Tell me, Sophia, my dear, what do you " think of our new visitor? Don't you think he feemed " to be good-natured?" " Immensely so, indeed, " Mamma," replied she. " I think he has a great deal er to

er to say upon every thing, and is never at a loss; and the " more trifling the subject, the more he has to say; and, " what is more, I protest he is very handsome." "Yes," cried Olivia, "he is well enough for a man; but for my part, I don't much like him, he is fo extremely impu-" dent and familiar; but on the guittar he is shocking." These two last speeches I interpreted by contraries. I found by this, that Sophia internally despised, as much as Olivia fecretly admired him. " Whatever may be your " opinions of him, my children," cried I, " to con-" fess a truth, he has not prepossessed me in his favour. " Disproportioned friendships ever terminate in disgust; " and I thought, notwithstanding all his ease, that he se feemed perfectly fensible of the distance between us. " Let us keep to companions of our own rank. There " is no character among men more contemptible than that " of a fortune-hunter; and I can see no reason why fortunehunting women should not be contemptible too. Thus, " at best, it will be contempt if his views are honourable: but, if they are otherwise! I should shudder but to " think of that; for, though I have no apprehensions " from the conduct of my children, I think there are " fome from his character." I would have proceeded, but for the interruption of a fervant from the Squire, who, with his compliments, fent us a fide of venison, and a promise to dine with us some days after. This welltimed present pleaded more powerfully in his favour than any thing I had to fay could obviate. I therefore continued filent, fatisfied with just having pointed out danger, and leaving it to their own discretion to avoid it. That virtue which requires to be ever guarded, is scarce worth the centinel. CHAP.

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CHAP, VI.

The happiness of a country fire-fide.

A 5 we carried on the former dispute with some degree of warmth, in order to accommodate matters, it was universally concluded upon, that we should have a part of the venison for supper, and the girls undertook the task with alacrity. " I am forry," cried I, " that we have " no neighbour or stranger to take a part in this good " cheer: feasts of this kind acquire a double relish from " hospitality."-" Bless me," cried my wife, " here " comes our good friend Mr. Burchell, that faved our " Sophia, and that run you down fairly in the argument." -" Confute me in argument, child!" cried I, " you " mistake there, my dear. I believe there are but few " that can do that: I never dispute your abilities at making a goose pye, and I beg you will leave argument " to me."-As I spoke, poor Mr. Burchell entered the house, and was welcomed by the family, who shook him heartily by the hand, while little Dick officiously reached him a chair.

I was pleased with the poor man's friendship, for two reasons; because I knew that he wanted mine, and I knew him to be friendly as far as he was able. He was known in our neighbourhood by the character of the poor gentleman that would do no good when he was young, though he was not yet above thirty. He would, at intervals, talk with great good fenfe; but, in general, he was fondest of the

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company of children, whom he used to call harmless little men. He was famous, I found, for finging them ballads, and telling them stories; and feldom went without something in his pockets for them, a piece of gingerbread, or a halfpenny whiftle. He generally came into our neighbourhood once a year, and lived upon the neighbour's hofpitality. He fat down to supper among us, and my wife was not sparing of her gooseberry wine. The tale went round: he fung us old fongs, and gave the children the ftory of the Buck of Beverland, with the history of Patient Griziel. The adventures of Catskin next entertained them, and then Fair Rofamond's bower. Our cock, which always crew at eleven, now told us it was time for repose; but an unforeseen difficulty started about lodging the stranger; all our beds were already taken up, and it was too late to fend him to the next ale-house. In this dilemma, little Dick offered him his part of the bed, if his brother Moles would let him lie with him. " And I," cried Bill, " will give Mr. Burchell my part, if my fifters " will take me to theirs."-" Well done, my good chil-" dren," cried I, " hospitality is one of the first Christian duties. The beaft retires to its shelter, and the bird " flies to its neft; but helpless man can only find refuge " from his fellow-creature. The greatest stranger in this " world was he that came to fave it. He never had an " house, as if willing to see what hospitality was left re-" maining amongst us. Deborah, my dear," cried I to my wife, " give those boys a lump of sugar each; and " let Dick's be the largest, because he spoke first."

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In the morning early I called out my whole family to help at faving an after-growth of hay, and our guest offering

resting.

fering his affiltance, he was accepted among the number. Our labours went on lightly; we turned the fivath to the wind; I went foremost, and the rest followed in due succeffion. I could not avoid, however, observing the affiduity of Mr. Burchell in affifting my daughter Sophia in her part of the task. When he had finished his own, he would join inhers, and enter into a close conversation : but I had too good an opinion of Sophia's understanding, and was too well convinced of her ambition, to be under any uneafiness from a man of broken fortune. When we were finished for the day, Mr. Burchell was invited as on the night before; but he refused, as he was to lie that night at a neighbour's, to whose child he was carrying a whiltle. When gone, our conversation at supper turned upon our late unfortunate guest, "What a strong instance," faid I, " is " that poor man of the miseries attending a youth of levity " and extravagance! He by no means wants fense, which " only ferves to aggravate his former folly. Poor forlorn " creature! where are now the revellers, the flatterers, " that he could once inspire and command! Gone, per-" haps, to attend the bagnio pander, grown rich by his " extravagance. They once praised him, and now they " applaud the pander: their former raptures at his wit, " are now converted into farcalms at his folly; he is poor, and perhaps deserves poverty; for he has neither the " ambition to be independent, nor the skill to be useful." Prompted, perhaps, by some secret reasons, I delivered this observation with too much acrimony, which my Sophia gently reproved. "Whatfoever his former conduct may be, " Pappa, his circumstances should exempt him from cen-" fure do storie mo b

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" fure now. His present indigence is a sufficient punish-" ment for former folly; and I have heard my Pappa, " himself fay, that we should never strike our unnecessary " blows at a victim over whom Providence already holds " the scourge of its resentment."--- " You are right, " Sophia," cried my fon Moses, " and one of the ancients finely represents so malicious a conduct, by the at-" tempts of a ruftic to flea Marsyas, whose skin, the fable " tells us, had been wholly ftripped off by another. Be-" fides, I don't know if this poor man's fituation be so bad as my father would represent it. We are not to judge of the feelings of others by what we might feel, if in " their place. However dark the habitation of the mole " is to our eyes, yet the animal itself finds the apartment " fufficiently lightsome. And, to confess a truth, this " man's mind feems fitted to his station; for I never " heard any one more sprightly than he was to-day, when " he conversed with you." This was faid without the least defign; however, it excited a blush, which she strove to cover by an affected laugh, affuring him that the scarce took any notice of what he said to her; but that the believed he might once have been a very fine gentleman. The readiness with which she undertook to vindicate herself, and her blushing, were fymptoms I did not internally approve; but I repressed my suspicions.

As we expected our landlord the next day, my wife went to make the venison pasty; Moses sat reading, while I taught the little ones: my daughters seemed equally busy with the rest; and I observed them for a good while cooking something over the fire. I at first supposed they were assisting their mother; but little Dick informed me, in a

whisper,

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whisper, that they were making a wash for the face. Washes of all kinds I had a natural antipathy to; for I knew, that, instead of mending the complexion, they spoiled it. I therefore approached my chair, by slow degrees, to the fire, and grasping the poker, as if it wanted mending, seemingly by accident, overturned the whole composition, and it was too late to begin another.

CHAP. VII.

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A town wit described. The dullest fellows may learn to be comical for a night or two.

stred to his fation; WHEN the morning arrived on which we were to entertain our young landlord, it may be easily supposed what provisions were exhausted to make an appearance. It may also be conjectured, that my wife and daughters expanded their gayest plumage upon this occafion. Mr. Thornhill came with a couple of friends, his chaplain and feeder. The fervants, who were numerous, he politely ordered to the next ale-house; but my wife, in the triumph of her heart, infifted on entertaining them all; for which, by the by, the family was pinched for three weeks after. As Mr. Burchell had hinted to us the day before, that he was making some proposals of marriage to Miss Wilmot, my son George's former mistress, this a good deal damped the heartiness of his reception: but accident, in some measure, relieved our embarrassment; for one of

the company happening to mention her name, Mr. Thorn-hill observed, with an oath, that he never knew any thing more absurd than calling such a fright a beauty: " for, " strike me ugly," continued he, " if I should not find " as much pleasure in choosing my mistress by the information of a lamp under the clock at St. Dunstan's." At this he laughed, and so did we.—The jests of the rich are ever successful. Olivia too could not avoid whispering, lough enough to be heard, that he had an infinite fund of humour.

After dinner, I began with my usual toast, the Church: for this I was thanked by the chaplain, as he faid, the church was the only mistress of his affections.-" Come, " tell us honestly, Frank," faid the Squire, with his usual archness, " suppose the church, your present mistress, " dreffed in lawn sleeves on one hand, and Miss Sophia, " with no lawn about her, on the other, which would you " be for ?" " For both, to be fure," cried the Chaplain. "-Right, Frank," cried the Squire; " for, may this " glass suffocate me, but a fine girl is worth all the priest-" craft in the nation. For, what are tithes and tricks " but an imposition, all a confounded imposture? And I " can prove it." I wish you would," cried my fon Moses, " and I think," continued he, " that I should be " able to combat in the opposition."-" Very well, Sir," cried the Squire, who immediately smoked him, and winked on the rest of the company to prepare us for the fport, " if you are for a cool argument upon that subject, " I am ready to accept the challenge. And first, whether " are you for managing it analogically, or dialogically?" " -I am for managing it rationally," cried Moses, quite VOL. I. happy

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happy at being permitted to dispute.-" Good again," cried the Squire; " and, firstly, of the first, I hope you will not deny, that whatever is, is. If you do'nt " grant me that, I can go no farther." --- " Why," returned Moses, " I think I may grant that, and make the " best of it." __ " I hope, too," returned the other, " you will grant, that a part is less than the whole." "I " grant that too," cried Moses, " it is but just and reason-" able."-" I hope," cried the Squire, " you will not " deny, that the two angles of triangle are equal to two " right ones."-" Nothing can be plainer," returned the other, and looked round with his usual importance. " Very well," cried the Squire, speaking very quick, " the premises being thus settled, I proceed to observe, " that the concatenation of felf-existences, proceeding in " a reciprocal duplicate ratio, naturally produce a problematical dialogism, which, in some measure, proves, that the essence of spirituality may be referred to the " fecond predicable."-" Hold, hold," cried the other, " I deny that: do you think I can thus tamely fubmit to " fuch heterodox doctrines?" " What," replied the Squire, as if in a passion, " not submit! Answer me one s plain question-Do you think Aristotle right, when he " fays, that relatives are related?" " Undoubtedly," replied the other. " If fo, then," cried the Squire, answer me directly to what I propose-whether do you " judge the analytical investigation of the first part of my et enthymem descient secundum quoad, or quoad minus? and give me your reasons too : give me your reasons, I say, " directly."-" I protest," cried Moses, " I do not si rightly comprehend the force of your reasoning; but if

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" it be reduced to one simple proposition, I fancy it may then have an answer." "O Sir," cried the Squire," I am your most humble servant; I find you want me to furnish you with arguments and intellects both. No, "Sir; there, I protest, you are too hard for me." This effectually raised the laugh against poor Moses, who sat the only dismal sigure in a group of merry faces: nor did he offer a single syllable more during the whole entertainment.

But though all this gave me no pleasure, it had a very different effect upon Olivia, who mistook this humour, which was a mere act of the memory, for real wit. She thought him, therefore, a very fine gentleman; and such as consider what powerful ingredients a good figure, fine clothes, and fortune are, in that character, will easily forgive her. Mr. Thornhill, notwithstanding his real ignorance, talked with ease, and could expatiate upon the common topics of conversation with sluency. It is not surprising then, that such talents should win the affections of a girl, who, by education, was taught to value an appearance in herself, and consequently to set a value upon it when found in another.

Upon his departure, we again entered into a debate upon the merits of our young landlord. As he directed his looks and conversation to Olivia, it was no longer doubted but that she was the object that induced him to be our visitor. Nor did she seem to be much displeased at the innocent raillery of her brother and sister upon this occasion. Even Deborah herself seemed to share the glory of the day, and exulted in her daughter's victory as if it were her own. "And now, my dear," cried she to me, "I'll

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fairly own that it was I that inftructed my girls to encourage our landlord's address. I had always some
ambition; and you now see that I was right; for, who
knows how this may end?" "Ay, who knows that
indeed?" answered I, with a groan: "for my part I
do not much like it: and I could have been better
pleased with one that was poor and honest, than this
fine gentleman, with his fortune and insidelity; for,
depend on it, if he be what I suspect him, no freethinker shall ever have a child of mine."

"Sure, father," cried Moses, "you are too severe in this; for Heaven will never arraign him for what he thinks, but for what he does. Every man has a thoufand vicious thoughts, which arise without his power to suppress. Thinking freely of religion may be involuntary with this gentleman: so that, allowing his sentiments to be wrong, yet, as he is purely passive in their reception, he is no more to be blamed for their incursitions, than the governor of a city without walls, for the shelter he is obliged to afford an invading enemy."

True, my fon," cried I; "but if the governor invites the enemy, there he is justly culpable. And such
is always the case with those who embrace error. The
vice does not lie in assenting to the proofs they see;
but in being blind to many of the proofs that offer.
Like corrupt judges on a bench, they determine right
on that part of the evidence they hear; but they will
not hear all the evidence. Thus, my son, though our
erroneous opinions be involuntary when formed, yet, as
we have been wilfully corrupt, or very negligent in
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forming them, we deferve punishment for our vice, or contempt for our folly."

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My wife now kept up the conversation, though not the argument: she observed, that several very prudent men of our acquaintance were free-thinkers, and made very good husbands; and she knew some sensible girls that had skill enough to make converts of their spouses: "And who "knows, my dear," continued she, "what Olivia may be able to do? The girl has a great deal to say upon "every subject; and, to my knowledge, is very well skilled in controversy."

"Why, my dear, what controverfy can she have read," cried I. "It does not occur to my memory that I ever "put such books into her hands: you certainly over-rate her merit."—"Indeed, Pappa," replied Olivia, "she does not: I have read a great deal of controversy. I have read the disputes between Thwackum and Square; the controversy between Robinson Crusoe and Friday the favage; and I am now employed in reading the controversy in Religious Courtship."—"Very well," cried I, "that's a good girl: I find you are perfectly qualified for making converts; and so go help your mo-

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the har, while Mr. Harchell formed to giver hearfulness to

the feath. To heighten our brishideon, two black-birds

activated each origin from opposite heapers; the facilitat

ent-layed come and pecked the courts, from our handes

and every summer to be a ball and beautiful areas grove can

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CHAP. VIII.

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An amour, which promises little good fortune, yet may be pro-

to trains conficits of the forming the facilities THE next morning we were again vifited by Mr. Burchell, though I began, for certain reasons, to be displeased with the frequency of his return ! but I could not refuse him my company and fire-fide. It is true, his labour more than requited his entertainment; for he wrought among us with vigour; and, either in the meadow or at the hay-rick, put himself foremost. Besides, he had always fomething amufing to fay that leffened our toil; and was at once so out of the way, and yet so sensible, that I loved, laughed at, and pitied him. My only diflike arose from an attachment he discovered to my daughter: he would, in a jesting manner, call her his little mistress; and when he brought each of the girls a set of ribbands, hers was the finest. I knew not how, but he every day seemed to become more amiable, his wit to improve, and his simplicity to assume the superior airs of wifdom.

Our family dined in the field, and we fat, or rather reclined, round a temperate repast, our cloth spread upon the hay, while Mr. Burchell seemed to give chearfulness to the feast. To heighten our satisfaction, two black-birds answered each other from opposite hedges; the familiar red-breast came and pecked the crumbs from our hands; and every sound seemed but the echo of tranquillity. "I

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" never fit thus," fays Sophia, " but I think of the two " lovers, so sweetly described by Mr. Gay, who were " ftruck dead in each others arms, under a barley mow: "There is fomething fo pathetic in the description, that "I have read it an hundred times with new rapture." "In my opinion," cried my fon; " the finest strokes in " that description are much below those in the Acis and "Galatea of Ovid. The Roman poet understands the " use of contrast better; and upon that figure, artfully " managed, all strength in the pathetic depends." " It is " remarkable," cried Mr. Burchell, " that both the " poets you mention, have equally contributed to intro-" duce a false taste into their respective countries, by " loading all their lines with epithet. Men of little ge-" nius found them most easily imitated in their defects: " and English poetry, like that in the later empire of "Rome, is nothing, at prefeat, but a combination of " luxuriant images, without plot or connection; a firing " of epithets, that improve the found without carrying " on the fense. But perhaps, Madam; while I thus re-" prehend others, you will think it just that I should give " them an opportunity to retaliate; and, indeed, I have " made this remark, only to have an opportunity of in-" troducing to the company a ballad, which, whatever be " its other defects, is, I think at least, free from those I " I have mentioned." I have mentioned." neding are repote

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A BALLAD.

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- "TURN, gentle hermit of the dale,
 - " And guide my lonely way " " And guide my lonely way
 - " To where you taper cheers the vale
 "With hospitable ray.
 - " For here forlorn and loft I tread, "With fainting steps and slow;
 - " Where wilds, immeasurably spread, " Seem lengthening as I go."
- "Forbear, my fon," the hermit cries,
 "To tempt the dangerous gloom;
- " For yonder phantom only flies,
- To lure thee to thy doom.
- Here, to the hoofeless child of want,
- " My door is open ftill:
- "And though my portion is but feant,
 "I give it with good-will.
 - "Then turn to-night, and freely share
 "Whate'er my cell bestows;
 - " My rushy couch, and frugal fare,
 " My bleffing and repose.
 - " No flocks that range the valley free, "To flaughter I condemn;
 - "Taught by that Pow'r that pities me, "I learn to pity them.

- But from the mountain's graffy fide,
 - " A guiltless feast I bring;
- " A fcrip with herbs and fruits fupply'd,
 - " And water from the spring.
- "Then, pilgrim, turn, thy cares forego;
 "For earth-born cares are wrong:
- " Man wants but little here below,
 "Nor wants that little long."

Soft as the dew from Heav'n descends,

His gentle accents fell:

The grateful stranger lowly bends,

And follows to the cell.

Far shelter'd in a glade obscure

The modest mansion lay;

A refuge to the neighbouring poor,

And strangers led astray.

No stores beneath its humble thatch Requir'd a master's care; The door just opening with a latch, Receiv'd the harmless pair.

And now, when worldly crowds retire,

To revels or to rest,

The hermit trimm'd his little fire,

And cheer'd his pensive guest:

And fpread his vegetable store, And gayly press'd, and smil'd; And, skill'd in legendary lore, The lingering hours beguil'd.

Around

Around in fympathetic mirth Its tricks the kitten tries; The cricket chirrups in the hearth; The crackling faggot flies.

But nothing could a charm impart To foothe the stranger's woe; For grief was heavy at his heart, And tears began to flow.

His rifing cares the hermit fpy'd, With answering care opprest:

- " And whence, unhappy youth," he cry'd, " The forrows of thy breaft?
- " From better habitations spurn'd, " Reluctant dost thou rove?
- " Or grieve for friendship unreturn'd, " Or unregarded love?
- " Alas! the joys that fortune brings, " Are trifling, and decay:
- " And those who prize the paltry things, " More trifling still than they.
- " And what is friendship, but a name, " A charm that lulls to fleep;
- " A shade that follows wealth or fame, " But leaves the wretch to weep?
- " And love is still an emptier found, "The haughty fair one's jest:
- " On earth unfeen, or only found "To warm the turtle's neft. For

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For shame, fond youth, thy forrows hush,

"And spurn the sex," he said:

But while he spoke, a rising blush

The bashful guest betray'd.

He fees unnumber'd beauties rife,

Expanding to the view;

Like clouds that deck the morning skies,

As bright, as transfent too.

Her looks, her lips, her panting breast,
Alternate spread alarms:
The lovely stranger stands confest

A maid in all her charms.

And, "Ah! forgive a stranger rude,
"A wretch forlorn," she cry'd;
"Whose feet unhallow'd thus intrude

" Where Heav'n and you refide.

"But let a maid thy pity share,
"Whom love has taught to stray;

" Who feeks for rest, but finds despair
"Companion of her way.

" My father liv'd befide the Tyne,
" A wealthy lord was he;

And all his wealth was mark'd as mine;
He had but only me.

"To win me from his tender arms,
"Unnumber'd fuitors came,

"Who prais'd me for imputed charms,
"And felt, or feign'd a flame.

" Each

- " Each morn the gay fantastic croud
 "With richest proffers strove:
- " Among the rest, young Edwin bow'd,
 "But never talk'd of love.
- "In humble fimplest habit clad, "
 "No wealth nor pow'r had he;
- " A conftant heart was all he had,
 "But that was all to me.
- "The bloffom opening to the day,
 "The dews of Heaven refin'd,
- "Could nought of purity display,
 "To emulate his mind.
- "The dew, the blossom on the tree,
 "With charms inconstant shine;
- "Their charms were his, but, woe to me,
 "Their constancy was mine.
- " For still I try'd each fickle art,
 "Importunate and vain;
- "And, while his passion touch'd my heart,
 "I triumph'd in his pain.
- "Till quite dejected with my fcorn, "Till quite dejected with my fcorn, "Till quite dejected with my fcorn,"
- "And fought a folitude forlorn, "And fought a folitude forlorn, "In fecret, where he dy'd.
- " But mine the forrow, mine the fault, "And well my life shall pay;
- " I'll feek the folitude he fought,
 " And stretch me where he lay.

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- " And there forlorn, despairing hid,
 - " I'll lay me down and die:
- "Twas fo far me that Edwin did,
 - " And fo for him will I."
- " Thou shalt not thus-" the hermit cry'd, And clasp'd her to his breast: The wond'ring fair one turn'd to chide; 'Twas Edwin's felf that prest.
- " Turn, Angelina, ever dear, " My charmer, turn, to fee
- " Thy own, thy long-lost Edwin here,
 - " Reftor'd to love and thee.
- " Thus let me hold thee to my heart, " And ev'ry care refign :
- " And shall we never, never part,
 - " O thou my all that's mine?
- " No, never, from this hour to part;
 - " We'll live and love fo true;
- "The figh that rends thy constant heart,
 - " Shall break thy Edwin's too."

While this ballad was reading, Sophia feemed to mix an air of tenderness with her approbation. But our tranquillity was foon disturbed by the report of a gun just by us, and immediately after, a man was feen bursting through the hedge, to take up the game he had killed. This fportsman was the Squire's chaplain, who had shot one of the blackbirds that to agreeably entertained us. So loud a report, and fo near, flartled my daughters: VOL. I.

and I could perceive, that Sophia, in the fright, had thrown herself into Mr. Burchell's arms for protection. The gentleman came up, and asked pardon for having disturbed us, affirming, that he was ignorant of our being so near. He therefore sat down by my youngest daughter; and, sportsman-like, offered her what he had killed that morning. She was going to refuse; but a private look from her mother foon induced her to correct the mistake, and accept his present, though with fome reluctance. My wife, as usual, discovered her pride in a whisper; observing, that Sophia had made a conquest of the Chaplain, as well as her fifter had of the Squire. I suspected, however, with more probability, that her affections were placed upon a different object. The Chaplain's errand was to inform us, that Mr. Thornhill had provided music and refreshments, and intended, that night, giving the young ladies a ball by moon-light, on the grafsplot before our door. " Nor can I deny," continued he, " but I have an interest in being first to deliver this mes-" fage, as I expect for my reward to be honoured with " Miss Sophia's hand as a partner." To this my girl replied, that she should have no objection, if she could do it with honour: " But here," continued she, " is a gentle-" man," looking at Mr. Burchell, " who has been my " companion in the task for the day, and it is fit he should " fhare in the amusements." Mr. Burchell returned her a compliment for her intentions; but refigned her up to the Chaplain, adding, that he was to go that night five mies, being invited to an harvest supper. His refusal appeared to me a little extraordinary; nor could I conceive now to fensible a girl as my youngest, could thus prefer a middleł

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middle-aged man, of broken fortune, to a sprightly young fellow of twenty-two. But as men are most capable of distinguishing merit in women, so the ladies often form the truest judgments upon us. The two sexes seem placed as spies upon each other, and are furnished with different abilities, adapted for mutual inspection.

CHAP. IX.

Two ladies of great distinction introduced. Superior finery ever seems to confer superior breeding.

MR. BURCHELL had scarce taken leave, and Sophia confented to dance with the chaplain, when my little ones came running out to tell us that the Squire was come, with a crowd of company. Upon our return, we found our landlord, with a couple of under-gentlemen, and two young ladies richly dreffed, whom he introduced as women of very great distinction and fashion from town. We happened not to have chairs enough for the whole company; but Mr. Thornhill immediately proposed, that every gentleman should fit in a lady's lap. This I positively objected to, notwithstanding a look of disapprobation from my wife. Moses was therefore dispatched to borrow a couple of chairs; and, as we were in want of ladies also to make up a set at country dances, the two gentlemen went with him in quest of a couple of partners. Chairs and partners were foon provided. The gentlemen returned with my neighbour Flamborough's E 2 rofy

rofy daughters, flaunting with red top knots. But therewas an unlucky circumstance which was not adverted to: though the Miss Flamboroughs were reckoned the very best dancers in the parish, and understood the jig and the round-about to perfection, yet they were totally unacquainted with country dances. This at first discomposed us; however, after a little shoving and dragging, they began to go merrily on. Our music consisted of two fiddles, with a pipe and tabor. The moon shone bright. Mr. Thornhill and my eldest daughter led up the ball, to the great delight of the spectators; for the neighbours hearing what was going forward, came flocking about us. My girl moved with fo much grace and vivacity, that my wife could not avoid discovering the pride of her heart, by affuring me, that, though the little chit did it fo cleverly, all the steps were stolen from herself. The ladies of the town strove hard to be equally easy, but without fuccefs. They fwam, fprawled, languished, and frisked; but all would not do: the gazers, indeed, owned that it was fine; but neighbour Flamborough observed, that Miss Livy's feet seemed as pat to the music as its echo. After the dance had continued about an hour, the two ladies, who were apprehensive of catching cold, moved to break up the ball. One of them, I thought, expressed her fentiments upon this occasion in a very coarse manner, when she observed, that, by the living jinge, the was all of a muck of sweat. Upon our return to the house, we found a very elegant cold supper, which Mr. Thornhill had ordered to be brought with him. The conversation, at this time, was more reserved than before. The two ladies threw my girls quite into the fhade;

fhade; for they would talk of nothing but high life, and high-lived company, with other fashionable topics; such as pictures, talte, Shakespeare, and the musical glasses. It is true, they once or twice mortified us fensibly, by flipping out an oath; but that appeared to me as the furest symptom of their distinction, (though I am fince informed, that fwearing is now perfectly unfashionable.) Their finery, however, threw a veil over any groffness in their conversation. My daughters seemed to regard their fuperior accomplishments with envy; and what appeared amis, was ascribed to tip-top quality breeding. But the condescension of the ladies was still superior to their other accomplishments. One of them observed, that had Miss Olivia seen a little more of the world, it would greatly improve her. To which the other added, that a fingle winter in town would make her little Sophia quite another thing. My wife warmly affented to both; adding, that there was nothing she more ardently wished, than to give her girls a fingle winter's polishing. To this I could not help replying, that their breeding was already superior to their fortune; and that greater refinement would only ferve to make their poverty ridiculous, and give them a taste for pleasures they had no right to possess. -" And what pleasures," cried Mr. Thornhill, " do they not deserve, who have so much in "their power to bestow? As for my part," continued he, " my fortune is pretty large; love, libe ty, and. "pleasure, are my maxims; but curse me, if a settle-" ment of half my estate could give my charming Olivia " pleasure, it should be hers; and the only favour I would ask in return would be, to add myself to the E 3 benefit."

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" benefit." I was not fuch a stranger to the world, as to be ignorant that this was the fashionable cant to difguife the infolence of the bafest proposal; but I made an effort to suppress my refentment. "Sir," cried I, " the family which you now condescend to favour with " your company, has been bred with as nice a fense of " honour as you. Any attempts to injure that, may be attended with very dangerous confequences. Honour, " Sir, is our only possession at present; and, of that last " treasure, we must be particularly careful."-I was soon forry for the warmth with which I had fpoken this, when the young gentleman, grasping my hand, swore he commended my fpirit, though he disapproved my suspicions. " As to your present hint," continued he, " I protest or nothing was farther from my heart than fuch a thought. " No; by all that's tempting, the virtue that will stand " a regular fiege was never to my taste; for all my " amours are carried by a coup de main."

The two ladies, who affected to be ignorant of the rest, seemed highly displeased with this last stroke of freedom, and began a very discreet and serious dialogue upon virtue; in this mv wise, the chaplain, and I, soon joined; and the Squire himself was at last brought to confess a sense of forrow for his former excesses. We talked of the pleasures of temperance, and the sunshine in the mind unpolluted with guilt. I was well pleased that my little ones were kept up beyond the usual time, to be edissed by such good conversation. Mr. Thornhill even went beyond me, and demanded, if I had any objection to giving prayers. I joyfully embraced the proposal; and in this manner the night was passed in a most

most comfortable way, till at last the company began to think of retiring. The ladies seened very unwilling to part from my daughters, for whom they had conceived a particular affection, and joined in a request to have the pleasure of their company home. The Squire seconded the proposal, and my wife added her intreaties; the girls, too, looked upon me as if they wished to go. In this perplexity, I made two or three excuses; which my daughters as readily removed; so that, at last, I was obliged to give a peremptory refusal; for which, we had nothing but sullen looks and short answers the whole day ensuing.

CHAP. X.

The family endeavours to cope with their betters. The miseries of the poor, when they attempt to appear above their circumstances.

I NOW began to find, that all my long and painful lectures upon temperance, simplicity, and contentment, were entirely disregarded. The distinctions lately paid us by our betters awaked that pride which I had laid asleep, but not removed. Our windows now again, as formerly, were filled with washes for the neck and face. The sun was dreaded as an enemy to the skin without doors, and the fire as a spoiler of the complexion within. My wife observed, that rising too early would hurt her daughter's eyes; that working after din-

ner would redden their noses; and convinced me, that the hands never locked so white as when they did nothing. Instead, therefore, of finishing George's spirts, we now had them new-modelling their old gauzes, or flourishing upon catgut. The poor Miss Flamboroughs, their former gay companions, were cast off as mean acquaintance: and the whole conversation ran upon high life, and high-lived company, with pictures, taste, Shakespeare, and the musical glasses.

But we could have borne all this, had not a fortune. telling gipley come to raise us into perfect sublimity. The tawny sybil no sooner appeared than my girls came running to me for a shilling a-piece, to cross her hand with filver. To fay the truth, I was tired of being always wife, and could not help gratifying their request, because I loved to see them happy. I gave each of them a shilling; though, for the honour of the family, it must be observed, that they never went without money them. felves, as my wife always generously let them have a guinea each to keep in their pockets, but with frict injunctions never to change it. After they had been clofeted up with the fortune-teller for some time, I knew by their looks upon their returning, that they had been promifed fomething great. "Well, my girls, how have " you sped? Tell me, Livy, has the fortune-teller given " thee a pennyworth?" -- " I protest, papa," says the girl with a serious face, "I believe she deals with " fomebody that's not right; for the positively declared, " that I am to be married to a great Squire in less than " a twelvemonth."-" Well, now, Sophy, my child," faid I, " and what fort of a hulband are you to have?-" Sir,"

"Sir," replied she, "I am to have a Lord soon after my sister has been married to the Squire."—" How," cried I, " is that all you are to have for your two shillings? Only a Lord and Squire for two shillings? "You sools, I could have promised you a Prince and a

" Naboh for half the money."

This curiofity of theirs, however, was attended with very ferious effects: we now began to think ourselves designed by the Stars for something exalted, and already anticipated our suture grandeur.

It has been a thousand times observed, and I must observe it once more, that the hours we pass with happy prospects in view, are more pleasing than those crowned with fruition. In the first case, we cook the dish to our own appetite; in the latter, pature cooks it for us. It is impossible to repeat the train of agreeable reveries we called up for our entertainment. We looked upon our fortunes as once more rising; and as the whole parish afferted that the Squire was in love with my daughter, the was actually to with him; for they perfuaded her into passion. In this agreeable interval, my wife had the most lucky dreams in the world, which she took care to tell us every morning with great folemnity and exactnefs. It was one night a coffin and crofs bones; the fign of an approaching wedding: at another time, the imagined her daughter's pockets filled with farthings; a certain fign of their being one day fluffed with gold. The girls had their omens too: they felt strange kiffes on their lips; they faw rings in the candle; purfes bounced from the fire; and true-love knots lurked at the bottom of every tea-cup.

Towards

Towards the end of the week we received a card from the town ladies; in which, with their compliments, they hoped to fee all our family at church the Sunday following. All Saturday morning I could perceive, in confequence of this, my wife and daughters in close conference together, and now and then glancing at me, with looks that betrayed a latent plot. To be fincere, I had ftrong fuspicions that some absurd proposal was preparing for appearing with splendor the next day. In the evening, they began their operations in a very regular manner; and my wife undertook to conduct the fiege. After tea, when I feemed in spirits, she began thus:-" I " fancy, Charles, my dear, we shall have a great deal " of good company at our church to-morrow."-" Per-" haps, we may, my dear," returned I; " though you " need be under no uneafiness about that; you shall have " a fermon whether there be or not." -- " That is "what I expect," returned she; "but I think, my " dear, we ought to appear there as decently as possible; " for, who knows what may happen?"-" Your pre-" cautions," replied I, " are highly commendable. A " decent behaviour and appearance in church is what " charms me. We should be devout and humble, cheer-" ful and ferene."-" Yes," cried she, " I know that; but I mean, we should go there in as proper a manner " as possible; not altogether like the scrubs about us." -" You are quite right, my dear," returned I, " and " I was going to make the very fame proposal. The " proper manner of going is, to go there as early as " possible, to have time for meditation before the fervice " begins,"-" Phoo, Charles," interrupted the, " all. er that

"that is very true; but not what I would be at. I mean, we should go there genteelly. You know the church is two miles off; and I protest I don't like to fee my daughters trudging up to their pew all blowzed and red with walking, and looking, for all the world, as if they had been winners at a smock-race. Now, my dear, my proposal is this: there are our two plough horses, the Colt that has been in our family these nine years, and his companion Blackberry, that have scarce done an earthly thing for this month past, and are both grown fat and lazy. Why should not they do something as well as we? And, let me tell you, when Moses has trimmed them a little, they will not be so contemptible."

To this propofal I objected, that walking would be twenty times more genteel than fuch a paltry conveyance, as Blackberry was wall-eyed, and the Colt wanted a tail; that they had never been broke to the rein, but had an hundred vicious tricks; and that we had but one faddle and pillion in the whole house. All these objections, however, were over-ruled; fo that I was obliged to comply. The next morning I perceived them not a little bufy in collecting such materials as might be necesfary for the expedition: but as I found it would be a business of much time, I walked on to the church before, and they promised speedily to follow. I waited near an hour in the reading-desk for their arrival; but not finding them come, as expected, I was obliged to begin, and went through the service, not without some uneasiness at finding them absent. This was increased, when all was finished, and no appearance of the family. I therefore

therefore walked back by the horse-way, which was five miles round, though the foot-way was, but two; and, when got about half way home, perceived the procession marching flowly forward towards the church; my fon, my wife, and the two little ones exalted upon one horse, and my two daughters upon the other. I demanded the cause of their delay; but I soon found, by their looks, they had met with a thousand misfortunes on the road. The horses had at first refused to move from the door, till Mr. Burchell was kind enough to beat them forward, for about two hundred yards, with his cudgel. Next, the straps of my wife's pillion broke down, and they were obliged to stop to repair them before they could proceed. After that, one of the horses took it into his head to stand still; and neither blows nor intreaties could prevail with him to proceed. It was just recovering from this dismal fituation that I found them; but perceiving every thing fafe, I own their present mortification did not much difplease me, as it might give me many opportunities of future triumph, and teach my daughters more humility.

CHAP. XI.

The family still resolve to hold up their beads.

MICHAELMAS Eve happening on the next day, we were invited to burn nuts, and play tricks at neighbour Flamborough's. Our late mortifications had humbled us a little, or it is probable we might have rejected

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rejected such an invitation with contempt. However, we suffered ourselves to be happy. Our honest neighbour's goose and dumplings were sine; and the lambswool, even in the opinion of my wise, who was a conndisseur, was thought excellent. It is true, his manner of telling stories was not quite so well. They were very long, and very dull, and all about himself, and we had laughed at them ten times before: however, we were kind enough to laugh at them once more.

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Mr. Burchell, who was of the party, was always fond of feeing some innocent amusement going forward, and fet the boys and girls to blindman's buff. My wife, too, was perfuaded to join in the diversion; and it gave me pleasure to think that she was not yet too old. In the mean time, my neighbour and I looked on, laughed at every feat, and praifed our own dexterity when we were young. Hot cockles succeeded next, questions and commands followed that; and, last of all, they sat down to hunt the slipper. As every person may not be acquainted with this primeval pastime, it may be necessary to obferve, that the company, at this play, plant themselves in a ring upon the ground, all except one, who stands in the middle, whose business it is to catch a shoe, which the company shove about under their hams, from one to another, something like a weaver's shuttle. As it is impossible, in this case, for the lady who is up to face all the company at once, the great beauty of the play lies in hitting her a thump with the heel of the shoe on that fide least capable of making a defence. It was in this manner that my eldest daughter was hemmed in, and thumped about, all blowzed, in spirits, and bawling for fair Vol. I.

fair play, fair play, with a voice that might deafen a ballad-finger; when, confusion on confusion, who should enter the room but our two great acquaintances from town, Lady Blarney and Miss Carolina Wilelmina Amelia Skeggs!—Description would but beggar, therefore it is unnecessary to describe, this new mortification.—Death! to be seen by ladies of such high breeding in such vulgar attitudes! Nothing better could ensue from such a vulgar play of Mr. Flamborough's proposing. We seemed struck to the ground for some time, as if actually petrified with amazement.

The two ladies had been at our house to see us, and finding us from home, came after us hither, as they were uneafy to know what accident could have kept us from church the day before. Olivia undertook to be our prolocutor, and delivered the whole in a fummary way, only faying, "We were thrown from our horses." At which account the ladies were greatly concerned; but being told the family received no hurt, they were extremely glad: but being informed that we were almost killed by the fright, they were vaftly forry; but hearing that we had a very good night, they were extremely glad again. Nothing could exceed their complaifance to my daughters; their professions the last evening were warm, but now they were ardent. They protested a defire of having a more lasting acquaintance. Lady Blarney was particularly attached to Olivia; Miss Carolina Wilelmina Amelia Skeggs (I love to give the whole name) took a greater fancy to her fifter. They supported the conversation between themselves, while my daughters fat filent, admiring their exalted breeding.

But, as every reader, however beggarly himself, is fond of high-lived dialogues, with anecdotes of Lords, Ladies, and Knights of the Garter, I must beg leave to give him the concluding part of the present conversation.

"All that I know of the matter," cried Miss Skeggs,
is this, that it may be true, or it may not be true;
but this I can assure your Ladyship, that the whole
rout was in amaze; his Lordship turned all manner of
colours; my Lady fell into a swoon; but Sir Tomkyn, drawing his sword, swore he was hers to the last

" drop of his blood."

"Well," replied our Peeress, "this I can say, that
"the Duchess never told me a syllable of the matter;
and I believe her Grace would keep nothing a secret
from me. But this you may depend upon as a sact,
that the next morning my Lord Duke cried out three
times to his valet de chambre, Jernigan, Jernigan,
Jernigan, bring me my garters."

But, previously, I should have mentioned the very impolite behaviour of Mr. Burchell, who, during this discourse, sat with his face turned to the fire, and at the conclusion of every sentence, would cry out fudge; an expression which displeased us all, and, in some measure, damped the rising spirit of the conversation.

"Besides, my dear Skeggs, continued our Peeress, there is nothing of this in the copy of verses that Dr.

" Burdock made upon the occasion."

"I am surprised at that," cried Miss Skeggs; "for he seldom leaves any thing out, as he writes only for his own amusement. But can your Ladyship savour me with a sight of them?"

"My dear creature," replied our Peeress, "do you "think I carry such things about me? Though they are "very sine, to be sure, and I think myself something of a judge; at least, I know what pleases myself. In- deed, I was ever an admirer of all Dr. Burdock's Ittle pieces: for, except what he does, and our dear "Countess at Hanover-square, there's nothing comes out but the most lowest stuff in nature; not a bit of high life among them."

"Your Ladyship should except," says t'other, "your own things in the Lady's Magazine. I hope you'll fay there's nothing low-lived there; but I suppose we are to have no more from that quarter."—" Why, my dear," says the Lady, "you know my reader and companion has lest me, to be married to Captain Roch; and, as my poor eyes won't suffer me to write myself, I have been for some time looking out for another. A proper person is no easy matter to find; and, to be sure, thirty pounds a year is a small stipend for a well-bred girl of character, that can read, write, and behave in company; as for the chits about town, there is no bearing them about one."

"That I know," cried Miss Skeggs, "by experience: for, of the three companions I had this last half
year, one of them refused to do plain work an hour
in the day; another thought twenty-five guineas
a-year too small a salary; and I was obliged to send
away the third, because I suspected an intrigue with
the chaplain. Virtue, my dear Lady Blarney, virtue is worth any price; but where is that to be
found?"

My wife had been for a long time all attention to this discourse; but was particularly struck with the latter part of it. Thirty pounds and twenty-five guineas a-year, made htty-fix pounds five shillings English money; all which was, in a manner, going a begging, and might eafily be secured in the family. She for a moment studied my looks for approbation; and, to own a truth, I was of opinion, that two fuch places would fit our two daughters exactly. Besides, if the Squire had any real affection for my eldest daughter, this would be the way to make her every way qualified for her fortune. My wife, therefore, was refolved that we should not be deprived of fuch advantages for want of affurance; and undertook to harangue for the family. " I hope," cried she, " your Ladyships will pardon my present presump-" tion. It is true, we have no right to pretend to such " favours; but yet it is natural for me to wish putting " my children forward in the world: and; I will be bold " to fay, my two girls have had a pretty good educa-" tion, and capacity, at least the country can't show better. "They can read, write, and cast accounts; they under-" stand their needle, breadstitch, cross and change, and " all manner of plain work; they can pink, point, and " frill; and know something of music; they can do up " fmall clothes; work upon catgut: my eldest can cut " paper; and my youngest has a very pretty manner of " telling fortunes upon the cards."

When she had delivered this pretty piece of eloquence, the two ladies looked at each other a few minutes in silence, with an air of doubt and importance. At last, Miss Carolina Wilelmina Amelia Skeggs condescended to F 3 observe,

observe, that the young ladies, from the opinion she could form of them, from so slight an acquaintance, seemed very sit for such employments: "But a thing of "this kind, Madam," cried she, addressing my spouse, "requires a thorough examination into characters, and a more perfect knowledge of each other. Not, Ma-"dam," continued she, "that I in the least suspect the young ladies virtue, prudence, and discretion; but there is a form in these things, Madam, there is a form."

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My wife approved her suspicions very much, observing, that she was very apt to be suspicious herself; but referred her to all the neighbours for a character: but this our Peeress declined as unnecessary, alledging, that her cousin Thornhill's recommendation would be sufficient; and upon this we rested our petition.

CHAP. XII.

Fortune seems resolved to humble the family of Wakefield.

Mortifications are often more painful than real calamities.

WHEN we were returned home, the night was dedicated to schemes of suture conquest. Deborah exerted much sagacity in conjecturing which of the two girls was likely to have the best place, and most opportunities of seeing good company. The only obstacle to our preferment, was in obtaining the Squire's recommendation; but he had already shown us too many instances of his friendship, to doubt of it now. Even in bed, my wife kept up the usual theme: "Well, faith, "my dear Charles, between ourselves, I think we have "made

" made an excellent day's work of it." - " Pretty well," cried I, not knowing what to fay .- " What! only pretty " well!" returned she, " I think it is very well. Sup-" pose the girls should come to make acquaintances of " tafte in town! and this I am affured of, that London " is the only place in the world for all manner of huf-" bands. Besides, my dear, stranger things happen " every day: and as ladies of quality are fo taken with " my daughters, what will not men of quality be !-" Entre nous, I protest I like my Lady Blarney vastly; " fo very obliging. However, Miss Carolina Wilelmina " Amelia Skeggs has my warm heart. But yet, when " they came to talk of places in town, you faw at once " how I nailed them. Tell me, my dear, don't you "think I did for my children there?"-Ay," returned I, not knowing well what to think of the matter:-"Heaven grant they may be both the better for it this " day three months!" . This was one of those observations I usually made, to impress my wife with an opinion of my fagacity; for, if the girls succeeded, then it was a pious wish fulfilled; but if any thing unfortunate ensued, then it might be looked upon as prophecy. All this conversation, however, was only preparatory to another fcheme; and, indeed, I dreaded as much. This was nothing less, than that, as we were now to hold up our heads a little higher in the world, it would be proper to fell the colt, which was grown old, at a neighbouring fair, and buy us an horse that would carry single or double upon an occasion, and make a pretty appearance at church, or upon a visit. This, at first, I opposed stoutly; but it was as stoutly defended. However, as I weakened.

weakened, my antagonist gained strength, till at last it was resolved to part with him.

As the fair happened on the following day, I had intentions of going myself; but my wise persuaded me that I had got a cold; and nothing could prevail upon her to permit me from home. "No, my dear," said she, "our son Moses is a discreet boy, and can buy and sell to very good advantage; you know all our great bar-"gains are of his purchasing. He always stands out, and higgles, and actually tires them, till he gets a "bargain."

As I had some opinion of my son's prudence, I was willing enough to entrust him with this commission; and the next morning, I perceived his sisters mighty busy in sitting out Moses for the fair; trimming his hair, brushing his buckles, and cocking his hat with pins. The business of the toilet being over, we had at last the satisfaction of seeing him mounted upon the colt, with a deal box before him, to bring home groceries in. He had on a coat made of that cloth they call thunder and lightening; which, though grown too short, was much too good to be thrown away. His waistcoat was of gosling green; and his sisters had tied his hair with a broad black ribband. We all followed him several paces from the door, bawling after him, Good luck, good luck, till we could see him no longer.

He was scarce gone, when Mr. Thornhill's butler came to congratulate us upon our good fortune, saying, that he overheard his young master mention our names with great commendations.

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Good fortune seemed resolved not to come alone. Another sootman from the same samily sollowed with a card for my daughters, importing, that the two ladies had received such pleasing accounts from Mr. Thornhill of us all, that, after a sew previous enquiries more, they hoped to be perfectly satisfied. "Ay," cried my wise, "I "now see it is no easy matter to get into the samilies of the great; but when one once gets in, then, as Moses says, they may go sleep." To this piece of humour, for she intended it for wit, my daughters assented with a loud laugh of pleasure. In short, such was her satisfaction at this message, that she actually put her hand to her pocket, and gave the messenger sevenpence halfpenny.

This was to be our visiting day. The next that came was Mr. Burchell, who had been at the fair. He brought my little ones a pennyworth of gingerbread each, which my wife undertook to keep for them, and give them by letters at a time. He brought my daughters also a couple of boxes, in which they might keep wafers, fnuff, patches, or even money, when they got it. My wife was usually fond of a weafel-skin purse, as being the most lucky; but this by the bye. We had still a regard for Mr. Burchell, though his late rude behaviour was in some measure displeasing; nor could we now avoid communicating our happiness to him, and asking his advice: although we feldom followed advice, we were all ready enough to ask it. When he read the note from the two ladies, he shook his head, and observed, that an affair of this fort demanded the utmost circumspection.—This air of diffidence highly displeased my wife. -- " I never "doubted, Sir," cried she, "your readiness to be " against

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" against my daughters and me. You have more cir-" cumfpection than is wanted. However, I fancy, when " we come to ask advice, we will apply to persons who " feem to have made use of it themselves." --- " What-" ever my own conduct may have been, Madam," replied he " is not the present question; though, as I have " made no use of advice myself, I should, in conscience, " give it to those that will." --- As I was apprehensive this answer might draw on a repartee, making up by abuse what it wanted in wit, I changed the subject, by feeming to wonder what could keep our fon fo long at the fair, as it was now almost night-fall. -- " Never mind " our fon," cried my wife, " depend upon it he knows " what he is about. I'll warrant we'll never fee him " sell his hen of a rainy day. I have seen him buy such " bargains as would amaze one. I'll tell you a good " flory about that, that will make you split your sides " with laughing.—But, as I live, yonder comes Moses, " without an horse, and the box at his back."

As she spoke, Moses came slowly on foot, and sweating under the deal-box, which he had strapt round his shoulders—"Welcome, welcome, Moses; well, my boy, what "have you brought us from the fair?" "I have brought you myself," cried Moses with a sly look, and resting the box on the dresser.—"Ay, Moses," cried my wife, "that we know; but where is the horse?"—I have sold him," cried Moses, "for three pounds five fhillings and two-pence."—"Well done, my good boy," returned she, "I knew you would touch them off. Between ourselves, three pounds five shillings and two-pence is no bad day's work. Come, let us have

" have it then."-" I have brought back no money," cried Moses again, " I have laid it all out in a bargain; " and here it is," pulling out a bundle from his breaft : " here they are; a gross of green spectacles, with filver " rims, and shagreen cases."-" A gross of green spec-" tacles !" repeated my wife in a faint voice :- " And " you have parted with the colt, and brought us back " nothing but a gross of green paltry spectacles!"-" Dear mother," cried the boy, " why won't you listen " to reason? I had them a dead bargain, or I should not " have bought them. The filver rims alone will fell " for double the money."-" A fig for the filver rims,"cried my wife in a passion; " I dare swear they won't " fell for above half the money at the rate of broken " filver, five shillings an ounce." You need be " under no uneafiness," cried I, " about selling the " rims; for I perceive they are only copper, varnished " over."-" What!" cried my wife, " not filver, the " rims not filver !"-" No," cried I, " no more filver "than your faucepan." --- "And fo," returned she, " we have parted with the colt, and have only got a " gross of green spectacles, with copper rims, and sha-" green cases ?- A murrain take such trumpery. The " blockhead has been imposed upon, and should have " known his company better."-" There, my dear," cried I, " you are wrong; he should not have known " them at all."-" Marry, hang the idiot," returned she again, " to bring me such stuff; if I had them, I " would throw them into the fire." -- " There again " you are wrong, my dear," cried I; " for, though

"they be copper, we will keep them by us; as copper fpectacles, you know, are better than nothing."

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By this time the unfortunate Moses was undeceived. He now faw that he had indeed been imposed upon by a prowling sharper, who, observing his figure, had marked him for an easy prey. I therefore asked the circumstances of his deception. He fold the horse, it seems; and walked the fair in fearch of another. A reverend looking man brought him to a tent, under a pretence of having one to fell. "Here," continued Moses, "we " met another man, very well dressed, who defired to " borrow twenty pounds upon thefe, faying, that he " wanted money, and would dispose of them for a third " of the value. The first gentleman, who pretended " to be my friend, whispered me to buy them, and " cautioned me not to let so good an offer pass. I sent " for Mr. Flamborough, and they talked him up as " finely as they did me; and fo, at last, we were per-" fuaded to buy the two gross between us."

CHAP. XIII.

Mr. Burchell is found to be an enemy; for be has the confidence to give difagreeable advice.

OUR family had now made several attempts to be fine; but some unforeseen disaster demolished each as soon as projected. I endeavoured to take the advantage of every disappointment, to improve their good sense, in propor-

proportion as they were frustrated in ambition. "You fee, my children," cried I, "how little is to be got by attempts to impose upon the world, in coping with our betters. Such as are poor, and will associate themselves with none but the rich, are hated by those they avoid, and despised by those they follow. Unequal combinations are always disadvantageous to the weaker side: the rich having the pleasure, and the poor the inconveniencies that result from them. But come, Dick, my boy, and repeat the fable that you were reading to-day, for the good of the company."

". Once upon a time," cried the child, " a giant and a " dwarf were friends, and kept together. They made a " bargain, that they would never forfake each other, but " go feek adventures. The first battle they fought was " with two Saracens; and the dwarf, who was very cou-" rageous, dealt one of the champions a most angry blow. " It did the Saracen but very little injury, who, lifting " up his fword, fairly struck off the poor dwarf's arm. " He was now in a woful plight: but the giant coming to " his assistance, in a short time lest the two Saracens " dead on the plain; and the dwarf cut off the dead " man's head out of spite. They then travelled on to " another adventure: this was against three bloody-" minded fatyrs, who were carrying away a damfel in dif-" trefs. The dwarf was not quite fo fierce now as before; " but, for all that, struck the first blow, which was re-" turned by another that knocked out his eye: but the " giant was foon up with them; and, had they not fled, " would certainly have killed them every one. They were " all very joyful for this victory, and the damfel who was re-VOL. I.

" lieved, fell in love with the giant, and married him. They " now travelled far, and farther than I can tell, till they " met with a company of robbers. The giant, for the " first time, was foremost now; but the dwarf was not " far behind. The battle was flout and long. Wherever " the giant came, all fell before him; but the dwarf had " like to have been killed more than once. At last, the " victory declared for the two adventurers; but the dwarf " loft his leg. The dwarf was now without an arm, a " leg, and an eye; while the giant, who was without a " fingle wound, cried out to him, Come on, my little " hero; this is glorious sport; let us get one victory " more, and then we shall have honour for ever." " No," cries the dwarf, who was by this time grown wifer, " no, " I declare off; I'll fight no more; for I find, that, in " every battle, you get all the honour and rewards, but " all the blows fall upon me."

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I was going to moralize this fable, when our attention was called off to a warm dispute between my wise and Mr. Burchell, upon my daughters intended expedition to town. My wise very strenuously insisted upon the advantages that would result from it. Mr. Burchell, on the contrary, dissuaded her with great ardour, and I stood neuter. His present dissuasions seemed but the second part of those which were received with so ill a grace in the morning. The dispute grew high, while poor Deborah, instead of reasoning stronger, talked louder, and, at last, was obliged to take shelter from a defeat, in clamour. The conclusion of her harrangue, however, was highly displeasing to us all: "she knew," she said, "of some who had "their own secret reasons for what they advised; but, for

" her part, she wished such to stay away from her house for " the future.-" Madam," cried Burchell, with looks of great composure, which tended to inflame her the more, " as for fecret reasons, you are right; I have fecret rea-" fons, which I forbear to mention, because you are not " able to answer those of which I make no secret: but I " find my visits here are become troublesome; I'll take " my leave therefore now, and perhaps come once more, " to take a final farewell, when I am quitting the coun-" try." Thus faying, he took up his hat; nor could the attempts of Sophia, whose looks seemed to upbraid his precipitancy, prevent his going.

When gone, we all regarded each other for fome minutes with confusion. My wife, who knew herself to be the cause, strove to hide her concern with a forced finile, and an air of affurance, which I was willing to reprove, "How, woman," cried I to her, " is it thus we treat strangers? Is it thus we return " their kindness? Be affured, my dear, that these were " the harshest words, and to me the most unpleasing, that " ever escaped your lips!"-" Why would he provoke " me, then?" replied she; " but I know the motives of " his advice perfectly well. He would prevent my girls " from going to town that he may have the pleasure of " my youngest daughter's company here at home. But, " whatever happens, she shall choose better company than " fuch low-liv'd fellows as he."-" Low-liv'd, my dear, " do you call him?" cried I; " it is very possible we may " mistake this man's character; for he feems upon some " occasions the most finished gentleman I ever knew.---" Tell me, Sophia, my girl, has he ever given you any " fecret instances of his attachment?"--- "His conver-" fation

" fation with me, Sir," replied my daughter, " has ever

" been sensible, modest, and pleasing; as to aught else,

" no, never. Once, indeed, I remember to have heard

" him fay, he never knew a woman who could find merit

" in a man that feemed poor." "Such, my dear," cried I,

" is the common cant of all the unfortunate, or idle; but

" I hope you have been taught to judge properly of such

" men, and that it would be even madness to expect hap-

" piness from one who has been so very bad an economist

" of his own. Your mother and I have now better

" prospects for you. The next winter, which you will

" probably fpend in town, will give you opportunities of

" making a more prudent choice."

What Sophia's reflections were upon this occasion, I cannot pretend to determine; but I was not displeased at the bottom, that we were rid of a guest from whom I had much to sear. Our breach of hospitality went to my conscience a little; but I quickly silenced that monitor, by two or three specious reasons, which served to satisfy and reconcile me to myself. The pain which conscience gives the man who has already done wrong, is soon got over. Conscience is a coward; and those faults it has not strength enough to prevent, it seldom has justice enough to punish by accusing.

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CHAP. XIV.

Fresh mortifications, or a demonstration, that seeming calamities may be real blessings.

HE journey of my daughters to town was now refolved upon, Mr. Thornhill having kindly promifed to inspect their conduct himself, and to inform us by letter of their behaviour. But it was thought indispensibly neceffary, that their appearance should equal the greatness of their expectations, which could not be done without some expence. We debated, therefore, in full council, what were the easiest methods of raising money, or more properly speaking, what we could most conveniently seli. The deliberation was foon finished; it was found, that our remaining horse was utterly useless for the plough without his companion, and equally unfit for the road, as wanting an eye. It was therefore determined, that we should dispose of him, for the purposes above mentioned, at the neighbouring fair; and, to prevent imposition, that I should go with him myself. Though this was one of the first mercantile transactions of my life, yet I had no doubt about acquitting myself with reputation. The opinion a man forms of his own prudence is measured by that of the company he keeps: and as mine was mostly in the family way, I had conceived no unfavourable fentiments of my worldly wisdom. My wife, however, next morning at parting, after I had got some paces from the door, called me back, to advise me, in a whisper, to have all my eyes about me.

I had, in the usual forms, when I came to the fair, put my horse through all his paces; but for some time had no bidders. At last a chapman approached, and, after he had for a good while examined the horse round, finding him blind of one eye, would have nothing to fay to him: a fecond came up, but observing he had a spavin, declared he would not take him for the driving home: a third perceived he had a wind-gall, and would bid no money: a fourth knew by his eye that he had the botts: a fifth, more impertinent than all the rest, wondered what a plague I could do to the fair with a blind, spavined, galled hack, that was only fit to be cut up for a dog-kennel. By this time I began to have a most hearty contempt for the poor animal myself, and was almost ashamed at the approach of every new customer; for, though I did not entirely believe all that the fellows told me, yet I reflected, that the number of witnesses was a strong presumption they were right; and St. Gregory, upon good works, professes himself to be of the same opinion.

I was in this mortifying fituation, when a brother clergyman, an old acquaintance, who had also business to the fair, came up, and shaking me by the hand, proposed adjourning to a public-house, and taking a glass of whatever we could get. I readily closed with the offer, and entering an ale-house, we were shewn into a little back room, where there was only a venerable old man, who sat wholly intent over a large book, which he was reading. I never in my life saw a figure that prepossessed me more savourably. His locks of silver grey venerably shaded his temples, and his green old age seemed to be the result of health and benevolence. However, his presence did not interrupt our

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conversation; my friend and I discoursed on the various turns of fortune we had met; the Whistonian controversy. my last pamphlet, the archdeacon's reply, and the hard measure that was dealt me. But our attention was in a short time taken off, by the appearance of a youth, who, entering the room, respectfully said something softly to the old stranger. " Make no apologies, my child," said the old man; " to do good is a duty we owe to all our fellow-" creatures: take this, I wish it were more; but five " pounds will relieve your diffress, and you are welcome." The modest youth shed tears of gratitude, and yet his gratitude was scarce equal to mine. I could have hugged the good old man in my arms, his benevolence pleafed me fo. He continued to read, and we refumed our converfation, until my companion, after fome time, recollecting that he had business to transact in the fair, promised to be soon back, adding, that he always defired to have as much of Dr. Primrose's company as possible. The old gentleman, hearing my name mentioned, feemed to look at me with attention: and, when my friend was gone, most respectfully demanded, if I was any way related to the great Primrofe, that courageous monogamist, who had been the bulwark of the church. Never did my heart feel fincerer rapture than at that moment. " Sir," cried I, " the ap-" plause of so good a man, as I am sure you are, adds to " that happiness in my breast which your benevolence has " already excited. You behold before you, Sir, that Dr. " Primrose, the monogamist, whom you have been pleased " to call great. You here see that unfortunate divine, " who has fo long, and it would ill become me to fay, " fuccessfully fought against the deuterogamy of the age."

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" Sir," cried the franger, fruck with awe; "I fear I have " been too familiar; but you'll forgive my curiofity, Sir: "I beg pardon." " Sir," cried I, grasping his hand, " you are fo far from displeasing me by your familiarity, " that I must beg you'll accept my friendship, as you al-" ready have all my esteem."-" Then with gratitude I " accept the offer," cried he, squeezing me by the hand, " thou glorious pillar of unshaken orthodoxy; and do I " behold"-I here interrupted what he was going to fay; for though, as an author, I could digest no small share of flattery, yet now my modesty would permit no more. However, no lovers in romance ever cemented a more inflantaneous friendship. We talked upon several subjects; at first I thought he seemed rather devout than learned, and began to think he despifed all human doctrines as drofs. Yet this no way lessened him in my esteem; for I had, for some time, begun privately to harbour fuch an opinion myfelf. I therefore took occasion to observe, that the world, in general, began to be blameably indifferent as to doctrinal matters, and followed human speculations too much. "Ay, Sir," replied he, as if he had referved all his learning to that moment, " Ay, Sir, the world is in its dotage, and yet the cosmo-" gony or creation of the world has puzzled philosophers " of all ages. What a medley of opinions have they not " broached upon the creation of the world? Sanconiathon " Manetho, Berofus, and Ocellus Lucanus, have all at-" tempted it in vain. The latter has these words, Anaret chon ara kai atelutaion to pan, which imply, that all things have neither beginning nor end. Manetho also, " who lived about the time of Nebuchadon-Affer, Affer a being

" being a Syriac word, usually applied as a surname to the " Kings of that country, as Teglat Phael-Affer, Nabon-" Affer, he, I fay, formed a conjecture equally abfurd; " for, as we usually say, ek to biblion kubernetes, which im-" plies that books will never teach the world; so he at-" tempted to investigate-But, Sir, I ask pardon, I am " ftraying from the question." -- That he actually was ; nor could I, for my life, fee how the creation of the world had any thing to do with the business I was talking of; but it was fufficient to show me that he was a man of letters, and I now reverenced him the more. I was resolved. therefore, to bring him to the touch-stone; but he was too mild, and too gentle to contend for victory. Whenever I made any observation that looked like a challenge to controverfy, he would fmile, shake his head, and say nothing; by which I understood he could say much, if he thought proper. The subject, therefore, intensibly changed from the business of antiquity, to that which brought us both to the fair: mine, I told him, was to fell an horse; and, very luckily indeed, he was to buy one for one of his tenants. My horse was soon produced, and, in fine, we struck a bargain. Nothing now remained but to pay me, and he accordingly pulled out a thirty pound note, and bid me change it. Not being in a capacity of complying with his demand, he ordered the landlady to call up his footman, who made his appearance in a very genteel livery. " Here, Abraham," cried he, " go and get gold for this; " you'll do it at neighbour Jackson's, or any where." While the fellow was gone, he entertained me with a pathetic harangue on the great scarcity of silver, which I undertook to improve, by deploring also the great scarcity of gold;

gold; and, by the time. Abraham returned, we had both agreed, that money was never so hard to be come at as now. Abraham returned to inform us, that he had been over the whole fair, and could not get change, though he had offered half-a-crown for doing it. This was a very great disappointment to us all; but the old gentleman having paufed a little, asked me if I knew one Solomon Flamborough in my part of the country? upon replying, that he was my next door neighbour: " If that be the " cafe, then," returned he, " I believe we shall deal. "You shall have a draught upon him, payable at fight; " and let me tell you, he is as warm a man as any within " five miles round him. Honest Solomon and I have been " acquainted for many years together. I remember I " always beat him at three jumps; but he could hop upon " one leg farther than I." A draught upon my neighbour was to me the same as money; for I was sufficiently convinced of his ability: the draught was figned, and put into my hands; and Mr. Jenkinson, the old gentleman, his man Abraham, and my horse Old Blackberry, trotted off, very well pleased with each other.

Being now left to reflection, I began to recollect that I had done wrong, in taking a draught from a stranger, and so prudently resolved upon having back my horse, and sollowing the purchaser. But this was now too late: I therefore made directly homewards, resolving to get the draught changed into money at my friend's, as fast as possible. I found my honest neighbour smoking his pipe at his own door, and informing him that I had a small bill upon him: he read it twice over. "You can read the name, I suppose," cried I, "Ephraim Jenkinson?"

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"Yes," returned he, "the name is written plain enough; and I know the gentleman too, the greatest rascal under the canopy of Heaven. This is the very same rogue who sold us the spectacles. Was he not a venerable looking man, with grey hair, and no slaps to his pocket- holes? And did he not talk a long string of learning, about Greek, and cosmogony, and the world?" To this I replied with a groan.—"Ay," continued he, "he has but that one piece of learning in the world, and he always talks it away, whenever he finds a scholar in company: but I know the rogue, and will catch him yet."

Though I was already sufficiently mortified, my greatest struggle was to come, in facing my wife and daughters. No truant was ever more afraid of returning to school, there to behold the master's sweet visage, than I was of going home; I was determined, however, to anticipate their sury, by first falling into a passion myself.

But, alas! upon entering; I found the family no way disposed for battle. My wife and girls were all in tears, Mr. Thornhill having been there that day to inform them, that their journey to town was entirely over: the two ladies, having heard reports of us from some malicious person about us, were that day set out for London. He could neither discover the tendency, nor the author of these; but, whatever they might be, or whoever might have broached them, he continued to assure our family of his friendship and protection. I found, therefore, that they bore my disappointment with great resignation, as it was eclipsed in the greatness of their own. But what perplexed us most, was to think who could be so base as to asperse the cha-

racter of a family so harmless as ours, too humble to excite envy, and too inoffensive to create disgust.

CHAP. XV.

All Mr. Burchell's willainy at once detected. The folly of being over wife.

THAT evening, and a part of the following day, was employed in fruitless attempts to discover our enemies; scarce a family in the neighbourhood but incurred our suspicions, and each of us had reasons for our opinion, best known to ourselves. As we were in this perplexity, one of our little boys, who had been playing abroad, brought in a letter-case, which he found on the green. It -was quickly known to belong to Mr. Burchell, with whom it had been feen, and, upon examination, contained fome hints upon different subjects; but what particularly engaged our attention was a fealed note, superscribed, The copy of a letter to be fent to the two ladies at Thornbill Castle. It instantly occurred that he was the base informer, and we deliberated whether the note should not be broke open. I was against it; but Sophia, who said she was sure that of all men he would be the last to be guilty of so much baseness, insisted upon its being read. In this she was seconded by the rest of the family, and, at their joint solicitations, I read as follows:

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" LADIES,

"The bearer will sufficiently satisfy you as to the per-" fon from whom this comes: one, at least the friend of " innocence, and ready to prevent its being seduced. I am informed, for a truth, that you have fome intentions " of bringing two young ladies to town, whom I have fome knowledge of, under the character of companions. " As I would neither have simplicity imposed upon, nor " virtue contaminated, I must offer it as my opinion, that " the impropriety of fuch a step will be attended with dangerous consequences. It has never been my way to treat the infamous or the lewd with feverity; nor " should I now have taken this method of explaining my-" felf, or reproving folly, did it not aim at guilt. Take " therefore the admonition of a friend, and feriously re-" flect on the confequences of introducing infamy and vice into retreats where peace and innocence have hitherto " refided."

Our doubts were now at an end. There seemed indeed something applicable to both sides in this letter, and its censures might as well be referred to those to whom it was written, as to us; but the malicious meaning was obvious, and we went no farther. My wife had scarce patience to hear me to the end, but railed at the writer with unrestrained resentment. Olivia was equally severe; and Sophia seemed persectly amazed at his baseness. As for my part, it appeared to me one of the vilest instances of unprovoked ingratitude I had ever met with. Nor could I account for it in any other manner, than by imputing it to his desire of detaining my youngest daughter in the coun-

try, to have the more frequent opportunities of an interview. In this manner we all fat ruminating upon schemes of vengeance, when our other little boy came running in to tell us that Mr. Burchell was approaching at the other end of the field. It is easier to conceive than describe the complicated fensations which are felt from the pain of a recent injury, and the pleasure of approaching revenge. Though our intentions were only to upbraid him with his ingratitude, yet it was resolved to do it in a manner that would be perfectly cutting. For this purpose, we agreed to meet him with our usual smiles, to chat in the beginning with more than ordinary kindness, to amuse him a little; but then, in the midft of the flattering calm, to burst upon him like an earthquake, and overwhelm him with the fenfe of his own baseness. This being resolved upon, my wife undertook to manage the business herself, as she really had fome talents for such an undertaking. We saw him approach; he entered, drew a chair, and fat down. " A fine day, Mr. Burchell." --- " A very fine day, " Doctor; though I fancy we shall have some rain, by " the shooting of my corns." The shooting of " your horns," cried my wife, in a loud fit of laughter, and then asked pardon for being fond of a joke .- " Dear " Madam," replied he, "I pardon you with all my " heart; for I protest I should not have thought it a joke " till you told me."-" Perhaps not, Sir," cried my wife, winking at us, " and yet I dare fay you can tell us how " many jokes go to an ounce." I fancy, Madam," returned Burchell, " you have been reading a jest-book this morning, that ounce of jokes is fo very good a con-" ceit; and yet, Madam, I had rather see half an ounce

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of understanding." —" I believe you might," cried my wife, still smiling at us, though the laugh was against her; "and yet I have seen some men pretend to understanding that have very little."—" And, no doubt," replied her antagonist, "you have known ladies set up for wit that had none."—I quickly began to sind that my wise was likely to gain but little at this business; so I resolved to treat him in a style of more severity mysels. "Both wit and understanding," cried I, "are trisses, without integrity. it is that which gives value to every character. "The ignorant peasant, without fault, is greater than the philosopher with many; for what is genius or courage without an heart! An boness man is the noblest work of God."

"I always held that favourite maxim of Pope," returned Mr. Burchell, "as very unworthy a man of genius, and a base desertion of his own superiority. As the reputation of books is raised, not by their freedom from desect, but the greatness of their beauties; so should fault, but the size of those virtues they are possessed of.
The scholar may want prudence, the statesman may have pride, and the champion serocity; but shall we prefer to these men the low mechanic, who laboriously plods on through life, without censure or applause? We might as well prefer the tame correct paintings of the Flemish school, to the erroneous, but sublime anima." tions of the Roman peneil."

"Sir," replied I, "your present observation is just,
when there are shining virtues and minute defects; but
when it appears, that great vices are opposed in the
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" fame mind to as extraordinary virtues, such a character

" deferves contempt."

" Perhaps," cried he, " there may be some such mon-

" fters as you describe, of great vices joined to great vir-

" tues; yet, in my progress through life, I never yet

" found one instance of their existence: on the contrary,

" I have ever perceived, that, where the mind was capa-

cious, the affections were good. And, indeed, Provi-

" dence seems kindly our friend in this particular, thus to debilitate the understanding where the heart is corrupt,

" and diminish the power where there is the will to do

" mischief. This rule seems to extend even to other ani-

" mals: the little vermin race are ever treacherous, cruel,

" and cowardly; whilft those endowed with strength and

" power, are generous, brave, and gentle."

"These observations found well," returned I; " and yet " it would be eafy this moment to point out a man," and I fixed my eye modeftly upon him, " whose head and heart " form a most detestable contrast." " Ay, Sir," continued I, raising my voice, " and I am glad to have this oper portunity of detecting him in the midst of his fancied " fecurity. Do you know this, Sir, this pocket-book?" - Yes, Sir," returned he, with a face of impenetrable affurance, "that pocket-book is mine; and I am " glad you have found it." -- " And do you know," cried I, " this letter?" Nay, never faulter, man; but look me full in the face: I fay, " do you know this letter?" " -That letter," returned he; " yes; it was I that " wrote that letter."-" And how could you," faid I, " fo " basely, so ungratefully, presume to write this letter?" -" And how came you," replied he, with looks of unparalleled

paralleled effrontery, " so basely to presume to break open this letter? Don't you know, now, I could hang " you all for this? All that I have to do, is to fwear at "the next justice's, that you have been guilty of breaking " open the lock of my pocket-book, and fo hang you all " up at his door." This piece of unexpected infolence raifed me to fuch a pitch, that I could fcarce govern my passion. "Ungrateful wretch, be gone, and no longer " pollute my dwelling with thy baseness. Be gone, and " never let me see thee again; go from my doors; " and the only punishment I wish thee, is an alarmed " conscience, which will be a sufficient tormentor!" So faying, I threw him his pocket-book, which he took up with a fmile, and, shutting the clasps with the utmost composure, left us quite assonished at the serenity of his affurance. My wife was particularly enraged, that nothing could make him angry, or make him feem ashamed of his villanies. " My dear," cried I, willing to calm those passions that had been raised too high among us, " we are on not to be furprifed that bad men want shame; they " only blush at being detected in doing good, but glory in " their vices."

"Guilt and Shame," fays the allegory, "were at first companions, and, in the beginning of their journey, infeparably kept together. But their union was foon found to be disagreeable, and inconvenient to both: Guilt gave Shame frequent uneasiness; and Shame often betrayed the secret conspiracies of Guilt. After long disagreement, therefore, they at length consented to part for ever. Guilt boldly walked forward alone, to overtake Fate, that went before, in the shape of an H-3

- " executioner; but Shame, being naturally timorous, re-
- " turned back to keep company with Virtue, which, in
- "the beginning of their journey, they had left behind.
- "Thus, my children, after men have travelled through
- " a few stages in vice, they no longer continue to have
- " fhame at doing evil, and fhame attends only upon their
- " virtues."

C. H A P. XVI.

The family use art, which is opposed with still greater.

TATHATEVER might have been Sophia's sensations, the rest of the family was easily confoled for Mr. Burchell's absence, by the company of our landlord, whose visits now became more frequent, and longer. Though he had been disappointed in procuring my daughters the amusements of the town, as he designed, he took every opportunity of fupplying them with those little recreations which our retirement would admit of. He usually came in the morning; and while my fon and I followed our occupations abroad, he fat with the family at home, and amused them, by describing the town, with every part of which he was particularly acquainted. He could repeat all the observations that were retailed in the atmosphere of the play-houses; and had all the good things of the high wits by rote, long before they made way into the jestbooks. The intervals between conversation were employed in teaching my daughters picquet, or fometimes in fetting

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my two little ones to box, to make them farp, as he called it; but the hopes of having him for a fon-in-law, in fome measure, blinded us to all his defects. It must be owned, that my wife laid a thousand schemes to entrap him; or, to fpeak it more tenderly, used every art to magnify the merit of her daughter. If the cakes at tea eat short and crifp, they were made by Olivia; if the goofeberry wine was well knit, the goofeberries were of her gathering; it was her fingers gave the pickles their peculiar green; and, in the composition of a pudding, her judgment was infallible. Then the poor woman would fometimes tell the Squire, that she thought him and Oliva extremely like each other, and would bid both fland up, to fee which was tallest. These instances of cunning, which she thought impenetrable, yet, which every body faw through, were very pleasing to our benefactor, who gave every day some new proofs of his passion, which, though they had not arisen to proposals of marriage; yet, we thought, fell but little short of it; and his slowness was attributed fometimes to native bashfulness, and sometimes to his fear of offending a rich uncle. An occurrence, however, which happened foon after, put it beyond a doubt, that he defigned to become one of the family; 'my wife even regarded it as an absolute promise.

My wife and daughters happening to return a visit to neighbour Flamborough's, found that family had lately got their pictures drawn by a limner, who travelled the country, and did them for fifteen shillings a-head. As this family and ours had long a fort of rivalry in point of taste, our spirit took the alarm at this stolen march upon us; and, notwithstanding all I could say, (and I said much) it was resolved

resolved that we should have our pictures done too. Having, therefore, engaged the limner; for what could I do? our next deliberation was, to show the superiority of our taste in the attitudes. As for our neighbour's family, there were feven of them, and they were drawn with feven oranges; a thing quite out of taste, no variety in life, no composition in the world. We defired to have fomething done in a brighter style; and, after many debates, at length came to an unanimous resolution to be drawn together in one large historical family piece. This would be cheaper, fince one frame would ferve for all; and it would be infinitely more genteel; for all families of any taste were now drawn in the same manner. As we did not immediately recollect an historical subject to hit us, we were contented each with being drawn as independent hiftorical figures. My wife defired to be represented as Venus, with a stomacher richly set with diamonds, and her two little ones as Cupids by her fide, while I, in my gown and band, was to present her with my books on the Bangorean controversy. Olivia would be drawn as an Amazon, fitting upon a bank of flowers, dreffed in a green joseph, laced with gold, and a whip in her hand. Sophia was to be a shepherdess, with as many sheep as the painter could spare; and Moses was to be dressed out with an hat and white feather. Our taste so much pleased the Squire, that he infifted on being put in as one of the family, in the character of Alexander the Great, at Olivia's feet. This was confidered by us all as an indication of his defire to be introduced into the family in reality; nor could we refuse his request. The painter was therefore set to work; and, as he wrought with affiduity and expedition, in less than

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four days the whole was completed. The piece was large; and, it must be owned, he did not spare his colours; for which my wife gave him great encomiums. We were all perfectly fatisfied with his performance; but an unfortunate circumftance had not occurred till the picture was finished, which now struck as with difmay. It was so very large, that we had no place in the house to fix it. How we all came to difregard fo material a point, is inconceivable; but certain it is, we were at this time all greatly overfeen, Instead, therefore, of gratifying our vanity, as we hoped, there it leaned, in a most mortifying manner, against the kitchen wall, where the canvas was stretched and painted, much too large to be got through any of the doors, and the jest of all our neighbours. One compared it to Robinfon Crufoe's long-boat, too large to be removed; another thought it more refembled a reel in a bottle; forme wondered how it should be got out, and still more were amazed how it ever got in.

But though it excited the ridicule of some, it effectually raised more ill-natured suggestions in many. The Squire's portrait being found united with ours, was an honour too great to escape envy. Malicious whispers began to circulate at our expence, and our tranquillity continually to be disturbed by persons who came as friends, to tell us what was said of us by enemies. These reports we always refented with becoming spirit; but scandal ever improves by opposition. We again, therefore, entered into a consultation upon obviating the malice of our enemies, and at last came to a resolution, which had too much cunning to give me entire satisfaction. It was this: as our principal object was to discover the honour of Mr. Thornhill's address

fes, my wife undertook to found him, by pretending to ask his advice in the choice of an husband for her eldest daughter. If this was not found sufficient to induce him to a declaration, it was then fixed upon to terrify him with a rival, which, it was thought, would compel him, though ever so refractory. To this last step, however, I would by no means give my consent, till Olivia gave me the most solemn assurances, that she would marry the person provided to rival him upon this occasion, if Mr. Thornhill did not prevent it, by taking her himself. Such was the scheme laid, which, though I did not strenuously oppose, I did not entirely approve.

The next time, therefore, that Mr. Thornhill came to fee us, my girls took care to be out of the way, in order to give their mamma an opportunity of putting her scheme in execution; but they only retired to the next room, from whence they could overhear the whole conversation; which my wife artfully introduced, by observing, that one of the Miss Flamboroughs was like to have a very good match of it in Mr. Spanker. To this the Squire affenting, she proceeded to remark, that they who had warm fortunes were always sure of getting good husbands: "But Heaven help," continued she, "the girls that have none. What signifies beauty, Mr. Thornhill? or what signifies all the virtue, and all the qualifications in the world, in this

" age of felf-interest? It is not, what is she? but, what has she? is all the cry."

"Madam," returned he, "I highly approve the justice, as well as the novelty of your remarks; and if I were a King it should be otherwise. It would then, in-

deed, be fine times with the girls without fortunes : our

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two young ladies should be the first for whom I would

"Ah, Sir!" returned my wife, " you are pleased to

be facetious: but I wish I were a Queen, and then I

know where they should look for an husband. But now

that you have put into my head, seriously, Mr. Thorn-

" hill, can't you recommend me a proper husband for

" my eldest girl? She is now nineteen years old, well

grown, and well educated, and, in my humble opinion,

" does not want for parts."

" Madam," replied he, " if I were to choose, I would

" find out a person possessed of every accomplishment that

" can make an angel happy. One with prudence, fortune,

" taste, and fincerity; such, Madam, would be, in my

" opinion, the proper husband."-" Ay, Sir," faid she,

"but do you know of any fuch person?"—No, Madam," returned he, "it is impossible to know any person that de-

ferves to be her husband; she's too great a treasure for

" one man's possession. She's a goddess. Upon my foul,

" I speak what I think, she's an angel."—" Ah! Mr.

"Thornhill, you only flatter my poor girl: but we have

" been thinking of marrying her to one of your tenants,

" whose mother is lately dead, and who wants a manager:

" you know who I mean, farmer Williams; a warm man,

" Mr. Thornhill, able to give her good bread; ay, and

" who has several times made her proposals, (which was

" actually the case:) but Sir," concluded she, "I should

" be glad to have your approbation of our choice."

" How, Madam," replied he, " my approbation! my ap-

" probation of fuch a choice! Never. What! facrifice fo

much beauty, and fense, and goodness, to a creature in-

" fenfible

"fensible of the blefsing! Excuse me, I can never ap"prove of such a piece of injustice! And I have my reafons!"—" Indeed, Sir," cried Deborah, "if you have
your reasons, that's another affair; but I should be glad
to know those reasons."—" Excuse me, Madam," returned he, "they lie too deep for discovery," (laying his
hand upon his bosom) "they remain buried, rivetted
here."

After he was gone, upon general consultation, we could not tell what to make of these sine sentiments. Olivia considered them as instances of the most exalted passion, but I was not quite so sanguine: it seemed to me pretty plain, that they had more of love than matrimony in them: yet, whatever they might portend, was resolved to prosecute the scheme of farmer Williams, who, since my daughter's first appearance in the country, had paid her his addresses.

CHAP. XVII.

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Scarce any virtue found to refift the power of long and pleafing temptation.

As I only studied my child's real happiness, the assiduity of Mr. Williams pleased me, as he was in easy circumstances, prudent, and sincere. It required but very little encouragement to revive his former passion; so that in an evening or two after, he and Mr. Thornhill met at our house, and surveyed each other for some time with looks

looks of anger: but Williams owed his landlord no rent, and little regarded his indignation. Olivia, on her fide, acted the coquet to perfection, if that might be called acting, which was her real character, pretending to lavish all her tenderness on her new lover. Mr. Thornhill appeared quite dejected at this preference, and with a penfive air took leave; though I own it puzzled me to find him fo much in pain as he appeared to be, when he had it in his power fo easily to remove the cause, by declaring an honourable passion. But whatever uneasiness he seemed to endure, it could easily be perceived that Olivia's anguish was still greater. After any of those interviews between her lovers, of which there were several, she usually retired to solitude, and there indulged her grief. It was in fuch a fituation I found her one evening, after she had been for some time supporting a fictitious gaiety. "You now see, my child," faid I, " that your confidence in Mr. Thornhill's paffion " was all a dream: he permits the rivalry of another, " every way his inferior, though he knows it lies in his " power to fecure you, by a candid declaration himfelf." -" Yes, papa," returned she, " but he has his reasons ".for this delay: I know he has. The fincerity of his " looks and words convinces me of his real efteem. A " fhort time, I hope, will discover the generofity of his " fentiments, and convince you that my opinion of him " has been more just than yours." -- " Olivia, my dar-" ling," returned.I, " every scheme that has been hi-" therto purfued, to compel him to a declaration, has " been proposed and planned by yourself; nor can you in " the least say that I have constrained you. But you must " not suppose, my dear, that I will be ever instrumental Vol. I.

" in suffering his honest rival to be the dupe of your ill-" placed paffion. Whatever time you require to bring " your fancied admirer to an explanation, shall be granted; " but, at the expiration of that term, if he is still regard-" less, I must absolutely insist, that honest Mr. Williams " shall be rewarded for his fidelity. The character which " I have hitherto supported in life demands this from me; " and my tenderness as a parent shall never instuence my " integrity as a man. Name then your day; let it be as " distant as you think proper; and, in the mean time, " take care to let Mr. Thornhill know the exact time on " which I defign delivering you up to another. If he " really loves you, his own good fense will readily suggest " that there is but one method alone to prevent his lofing " you for ever."-This propofal, which she could not avoid confidering as perfectly just, was readily agreed to. She again renewed her most positive promise of marrying Mr. Williams, in case of the other's insensibility; and, at the next opportunity, in Mr. Thornhill's presence, that day month was fixed upon for her nuptials with his rival.

Such vigorous proceedings feemed to redouble Mr. Thornhill's anxiety; but what Olivia really felt gave me fome uneafiness. In this struggle between prudence and passion, her vivacity quite forsook her, and every opportunity of solitude was sought and spent in tears. One week passed away, but her lover made no efforts to restrain her nuptials. The succeeding week he was still assiduous, but not more open. On the third he discontinued his visits entirely; and, instead of my daughter testifying any impatience, as I expected, she seemed to retain a pensive tranquillity, which I looked upon as a resignation. For

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my own part, I was now fincerely pleased with thinking, that my child was going to be fecured in a continuance of competence and peace, and frequently applauded her resolution. It was within about four days of her intended nuptials, that my little family, at night, were gathered round a charming fire, telling stories of the past, and laying schemes for the future; busied in forming a thousand projects, and laughing at whatever folly came uppermost. "Well, Mofes," cried I, "we shall soon, my boy, have a " wedding in the family: what is your opinion of matters " and things in general?"-" My opinion, father, is, " that all things go on very well; and I was just now " thinking, that, when fifter Livy is married to farmer "Williams, we shall then have the loan of his cyder-" press and brewing-tubs for nothing." --- " That we " shall, Moses," cried I, " and he will fing us Death " and the Lady, to raise our spirits, into the bargain." -" He has taught that fong to our Dick," cried Moses; " and I think he goes through it very prettily." " Does " he so?" cried I, " then let us have it; where is little " Dick? let him up with it boldly."-" My brother " Dick," cried Bill, my youngest, "is just gone out with fister Livy; but Mr. Williams has taught me two " fongs, and I'll fing them for you, papa. Which fong " do you choose, The Dying Swan, or the Elegy on the " Death of a Mad Dog?" The Elegy, child, by all " means," faid I; "I never heard that yet: and Debo-" rah, my life, grief you know is dry; let us have a " bottle of the best gooseberry wine to keep up our " fpirits. I have wept fo much at all forts of elegies of " late, that, without an enlivening glass, I am fure this

" will overcome me; and Sophy, love, take your guittar
and thrum in with the boy a little."

An ELEGY on the Death of a MAD Dog.

GOOD people all, of every fort, Give ear unto my fong; And if you find it wondrous short, It cannot hold you long.

In Islington there was a man,
Of whom the world might say,
That still a godly race he ran,
Whene'er he went to pray.

A kind and gentle heart he had, To comfort friends and foes; The naked ev'ry day he clad, When he put on his clothes.

And in that town a dog was found,
As many dogs there be,
Both mongrel, puppy, whelp, and hound,
And curs of low degree.

This dog and man at first were friends;
But, when a pique began,
The dog, to gain his private ends,
Went mad, and bit the man.

Around from all the neighb'ring streets,
The wond'ring neighbours ran,
And swore the dog had lost his wits,
To bite so good a man.

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The wound it feem'd both fore and fad,
To every Christian eye;
And while they swore the dog was mad,
They swore the man would die.

But foon a wonder came to light,
That show'd the rogues they ly'd;
The man recover'd of the bite,
The dog it was that dy'd.

"A very good boy, Bill, upon my word, and an elegy that may truly be called tragical. Come, my children, here's Bill's health, and may he one day be a bishop."

" bishop." "With all my heart," cried my wife; " and if he but " preaches as well as he fings, I make no doubt of him. The most of his family, by the mother's side, could " fing a good fong: it was a common faying in our " country, that the family of the Blenkinsops could never 16 look straight before them, nor the Hugginess blow out " a candle: that there were none of the Grograms but " could fing a fong; or of the Marjorams but could tell " a story."-" However that be," cried I, " the most " vulgar ballad of them all generally pleases me better " than the fine modern ones, and things that petrify us " in a fingle stanza; productions that we at once detest " and praise. Put the glass to your brother, Moses. "The great fault of these elegists is, that they are in " despair for griefs that give the sensible part of mankind " very little pain. A lady loses her lap-dog, and so the " filly poet runs home to verlify the difaster."

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"That may be the mode," cried Moses, "in sublimer compositions; but the Raselagh songs that
come down to us, are perfectly familiar, and all cast
in the same mould. Colin meets Dolly, and they hold
a dialogue together; he gives her a faring to put in
her hair, and she presents him with a nosegay, and then
they go together to church, where they give good advice to young nymphs and swains, to get married as
fast as they can."

"And very good advice too," cried I: " and I am told there is not a place in the world where advice can be given with so much propriety as there; for, while it persuades us to marry, it also furnishes us with a wife; and, surely, that must be an excellent market, my boy, where we are told what we want, and supplied with it when wanting."

"Yes, Sir," returned Moses, "and I know but of two such markets for wives in Europe, Ranelagh in England, and Fontarabia in Spain. The Spanish market is kept open once a year, but our English wives are faleable every night."

"You are right, my boy," cried his mother; "Old" England is the only place in the world for husbands to get wives."—" And for wives to manage their hust bands," interrupted I. "It is a proverb abroad, that if a bridge were built across the sea, all the ladies of the Continent would come over to take pattern from ou., for there are no such wives in Europe as our own."

"But let us have one bottle more, Deborah, my life;" and Moses, give us a good song. What thanks do

we not owe to Heaven, for thus bestowing tranquillity, " health, and competence? I think myself happier now " than the greatest monarch upon earth. He has no " fuch fire-fide, nor fuch pleasant faces about it. Yes, " Deborah, my dear, we are now growing old; but the " evening of our life is likely to be happy. We are de-" fcended from ancestors that knew no stain, and we " shall leave a good and virtuous race of children behind " us. While we live, they will be our support and our " pleasure here, and, when we die, they will transmit " our honour untainted to posterity. Come, my fon, " we wait for your fong: let us have a chorus. But "where is my darling Olivia? That little cherub's " voice is always sweetest in the concert." - Just as I spoke, Dick came running in :- " O Papa, papa, she " is gone from us, she is gone from us, my fifter Livy " is gone from us for ever." _ " Gone, child!" _ " Yes, " fhe is gone off with two gentlemen in a post-chaife; " and one of them kiffed her, and faid he would die for " her; and she cried very much, and was for coming back; but he perfuaded her again, and she went into " the chaife; and faid, Q what will my poor papa do, "when he knows I am undone!" Now then," cried I, " my children, go and be miserable; for we " shall never enjoy one hour more. And O may Heawen's everlasting fury light upon him, and his!—thus " to rob me of my child !- And fure it will, for taking back my fweet innocent that I was leading up to Heaven. Such fincerity as my child was poffesfed of !-"But all our earthly happiness is now over. Go, my " children, go and be miserable and infamous; for my " heart

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" heart is broken within me!"-- " Father," cried my fon, " is this your fortitude?"-" Fortitude, child! "Yes, he shall see I have fortitude; -Bring me my " pistols .- I'll pursue the traitor .- While he is on earth " I'll purfue him .- Old as I am, he shall find I can " fling him yet.—The villian !—The perfidious villain!" -I had by this time reached down my pistols, when my poor wife, whose passions were not so strong as mine, caught me in her arms .- " My dearest, dearest hus-" band," cried she, " the Bible is the only weapon that is fit for your old hands now. Open that, my love, " and read our anguish into patience; for she is vilely " deceived." --- Her forrow repressed the rest in silence. your rage is too violent and unbecoming. You should " he my mother's comforter, and you increase her pain. " It ill fuited you and your reverend character, thus to curse your greatest enemy: you should not have cursed " the wretch, villain as he is."-" I did not curse him, " child, did I?"-" Indeed, Sir, you did, you curfed " him twice." Then may Heaven forgive me and " him, if I did. And now, my fon, I fee it was more et than human benevolence that first taught us to bless " our enemies !- Bleffed be his holy name for all the " good he has given, and for that he has taken away.-We But it is not, it is not a small distress that can wring " tears from these old eyes, that have not wept for so " many years .- My child !- To undo my darling !-" May confusion seize-Heaven forgive me, what am I " about to fay !- You may remember, my love, how " good she was, and how charming; till this vile moce ment, "ment, all her care was to make us happy. Had she but died!—But she is gone, the honour of our family contaminated; and I must look out for happiness in other worlds than here. But, my child, you saw them go off: perhaps he forced her away? If he forced her, she may yet be innocent."—"Ah, no, Sir," cried the child; "he only kissed her, and called her his angel, and she wept very much, and leaned upon his arm, and they drove off very fast."—"She's an ungrateful creature," cried my wise, who could scarce speak for weeping, "to use us thus. She never had the least constraint put upon her assections. The vile strumpet has basely deserted her parents without any provocation, thus to bring your grey hairs to the grave, and I must shortly follow."

In this manner that night, the first of our real misfortunes, was spent in the bitterness of complaint, and ill
supported sallies of enthusiasm; I determined, however,
to find out our betrayer, wherever he was, and reproach
his baseness. The next morning, we missed our wretched
child at breakfast, where she used to give life and chearfulness to us all. My wise, as before, attempted to ease
her heart by reproaches. "Never," cried she, "shall
"that vilest stain of our family again darken those harm"less doors. I will never call her daughter more. No;
"let the strumpet live with her vile seducer: she may
bring us to shame; but she shall never more deceive
"us."

"Wife," faid I, "do not talk thus hardly: my detestation of her guilt is as great as your's; but ever fhall this house, and this heart, be open to a poor returning

returning repentant finner. The fooner she returns from her transgression, the more welcome shall she be to me. For the first time, the very best may err; art may persuade, and novelty spread out its charm. The first fault is the child of simplicity; but every other, the offspring of guilt. Yes, the wretched creature shall be welcome to this heart, and this house, though stained with ten thousand vices. I will again hearken to the music of her voice; again will I hang fondly on her bosom, if I find but repentance there. My son, bring hither my Bible and my staff; I will pursue her, wherever she is; and though I cannot save her from shame, I may prevent the continuance of iniquity."

CHAP. XVIII.

The pursuit of a father to reclaim a lost child to virtue.

THOUGH the child could not describe the gentleman's person who handed his fister into the postchaise, yet my suspicions sell entirely upon our young landlord, whose character for such intrigues was but too well known. I therefore directed my steps towards Thornhill castle, resolving to upbraid him, and, if possible, to bring back my daughter: but, before I had reached his seat, I was met by one of my parishioners, who said, he saw a young lady resembling my daughter, in a post-chaise with a gentleman, who, by the description, I could only guess to be Mr. Burchell, and that they drove very sast.

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This information, however, did by no means fatisfy me. I therefore went to the young Squire's, and, though it was yet early, infifted upon feeing him immediately: he foon appeared, with the most open familiar air, and feemed perfectly amazed at my daughter's elopement, protesting, upon his honour, that he was quite a stranger to it. I now, therefore, condemned my former suspicions, and could turn them only on Mr. Burchell, who, I recollected, had, of late, feveral private conferences with her: but the appearance of another witness left me no room to doubt of his villainy, who averred, that he and my daughter were actually gone towards the wells, about thirty miles off, where there was a great deal of company. Hearing this, I resolved to pursue them there. I walked along with earnestness, and enquired of several by the way; but received no accounts, till, entering the town, I was met by a person on horseback, whom I remembered to have feen at the Squire's, and he affured me, that if I followed them to the races, which were but thirty miles farther, I might depend upon overtaking them; for he had feen them dance there the night before; and the whole affembly feemed charmed with my daughter's performance. Early the next day, I walked forward to the races, and about four in the afternoon I came apon the courfe.

The company made a very brilliant appearance, all earnestly employed in one pursuit, that of pleasure; how different from mine, that of reclaiming a lost child to virtue! I thought I perceived Mr. Burchell at some distance from me: but, as if he dreaded an interview, upon my approaching him, he mixed among a crowd,

and I faw him no more. I now reflected, that it would be to no purpose to continue my pursuit farther, and resolved to return home to an innocent family, who wanted my affiftance. But the agitations of my mind, and the fatigues I had undergone, threw me into a fever, the fymptoms of which I perceived before I came off the course. This was another unexpected stroke, as I was more than feventy miles distant from home: however, I retired to a little alehouse by the road-side: and in this place, the usual retreat of indigence and frugality, I laid me down, patiently to wait the issue of my disorder. I languished here for near three weeks; but at last my constitution prevailed, though I was unprovided with money to defray the expences of my entertainment. It is possible the anxiety from this last circumstance alone might have brought on a relapse, had I not been supported by a traveller, who stopped to take a cursory refreshment. This person was no other than the philanthropic bookfeller in St. Paul's church-yard, who has written fo many little books for children : he called himfelf their friend; but he was the friend of all mankind. He was no fooner alighted, but he was in hafte to be gone; for he was ever on business of the utmost importance; and was, at that time, actually compiling materials for the history of one Mr. Thomas Trip. I immediately recollected this good-natured man's red pimpled face; for he had published for me against the Deuterogamists of the age, and from him I borrowed a few pieces, to be paid at my return. Leaving the inn, therefore, as I was yet but weak, I refolved to return home by easy journies of ten miles a-day. My health

and usual tranquillity were almost restored; and I now condemned that pride which had made me refractory to the hand of correction, Man little knows what calamities are beyond his patience to bear, till he tries them; as, in ascending the heights of ambition, which look bright from below, every step we rise shows us some new prospect of hidden disappointment; so, in our descent to the vale of wretchedness, which from the summits of pleasure appears dark and gloomy, the busy mind, still attentive to its own amusement, finds something to stater and surprise it. Still as we descend, the objects appear to brighten; unexpected prospects amuse, and the mental eye becomes adapted to its gloomy situation.

I now proceeded forwards, and had walked about two hours, when I perceived what appeared at a distance like the waggon, which I was resolved to overtake; but, when I come up with it, found it to be a strolling company's cart, that was carrying their scenes, and other theatrical furniture, to the next village, where they were to exhibit. The cart was attended only by the person who drove it, and one of the company, as the rest of the players were to follow the enfuing day. Good company upon the road, fays the proverb, is always the shortest cut: I therefore entered into conversation with the poor player; and, as I once had some theatrical powers myself, I descanted on such topics with my usual freedom: but as I was pretty much unacquainted with the present state of the stage, I demanded who were the present theatrical writers in vogue? who the Drydens and Otways of the day?- " I fancy, Sir," cried the player, " few of our modern dramatifts would think " themselves much honoured by being compared to the " writers VOL. I.

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" writers you mention. Dryden and Rowe's manner, " Sir, are quite out of fashion; our taste has gone back " a whole century. Fletcher, Ben Johnson, and all the " plays of Shakespeare, are the only things that go "down."-" How," cried I, " is it possible the pre-" fent age can be pleafed with that antiquated dialect, " that abfolute humour, those overcharged characters, "which abound in the works you mention?"-Sir," returned my companion, " the public think nothing " about dialect, or humour, or character; for that is " none of their business: they only go to be amused, " and find themselves happy when they can enjoy a pan-" tomime, under the fanction of Johnson's or Shake-" speare's name." -- " So then I suppose," cried I, " that our modern dramatists are rather imitators of " Shakespeare than of nature."-" To say the truth," returned my companion, " I don't know that they imi-" tate any thing at all, nor indeed does the public require " it of them: it is not the composition of the piece, but " the number of starts and attitudes that may be intro-" duced into it, that elicits applause. I have known a " piece, with not one jest in the whole, shrugged into " popularity; and another faved by the poet's throwing " in a fit of the gripes. No, Sir; the works of Con-" greve and Farquhar have too much wit in them for " the present taste; our modern dialogue is much more " natural."

By this time the equipage of the strolling company was arrived at the village; which, it seems, had been apprized of our approach, and was come out to gaze at us; for my companion observed that strollers always have

more spectators without doors than within. I did not confider the impropriety of my being in such company, till I saw a mob gathered about me. I therefore took shelter, as fast as possible, in the first alchouse that offered; and, being shown into the common room, was accosted by a very well dreffed gentleman, who demanded whether I was the real chaplain of the company, or whether it was only to be my masquerade character in the play? Upon informing him of the truth, and that I did not belong to the company, he was condescending enough to defire me and the player to partake in a bowl of punch, over which he discussed modern politics with great earnestness and feeming interest. I set him down in my ownmind for nothing less than a parliament-man at least; and was almost confirmed in my conjectures, when, upon my asking what there was in the house for supper, he infifted that the player and I should sup with him at his house; with which request, after some intreaties, I was prevailed on to comply.

CHAP. XIX.

The description of a person discontented with the present government, and apprehensive of the loss of our liberties.

THE house where we were to be entertained, lying at a small distance from the village, our inviter observed, that as the coach was not ready, he would con-

duct us on foot; and we foon arrived at one of the most magnificent mansions I had feen in the country. The apartment into which we were shown was perfectly elegant and modern; he went to give orders for supper, while the player, with a wink, observed that we were perfectly in luck. Our entertainer foon returned: an elegant supper was soon brought in; two or three ladies, in an eafy difhabille, were introduced; and the converfation began with some sprightliness. Politics, however, was the subject on which our entertainer chiefly expatiated; for he afferted that liberty was at once his boaft and his terror. After the cloth was removed, he asked me if I had feen the last Monitor? to which replying in the negative, " What! nor the Auditor, I suppose?" cried he. " Neither, Sir," returned I. " That's " ftrange, very ftrange," replied my entertainer. Now, " I read all the politics that come out. The Daily, the " Public, the Ledger, the Chronicle, the London Even-" ing, the Whitehall Evening, the feventeen Magazines, " and the two Reviews; and, though they hate each " other, I love them all. Liberty, Sir, liberty is the " Briton's boast; and, by all my coal-mines in Corn-" wall, I reverence its guardians." "Then, it is to be " hoped," cried I, " you reverence the king."-" Yes," returned my entertainer, " when he does what we would " have him; but if he goes on as he has done of late, " I'll never trouble mylelf more with his matters. I fay-" nothing; I think only I could have directed fome " things better. I don't think there has been a fufficient " number of advisers: he should advise with every person

willing to give him advice, and then we should have things done in another manner."

"I wish," cried I, "that such intruding advisers "were fixed in the pillory. It should be the duty of honest men to affist the weaker side of our constitution, that sacred power that has for some years been every day declining, and losing its due share of insluence in the state. But these ignorants still continue the cry of liberty, and if they have any weight, basely throw

"it into the subsiding scale."
"How," cried one of the ladies, "do I live to see one
fo base, so fordid, as to be an enemy to liberty, and
a defender of tyrants? Liberty, that sacred gift of
Heaven, that glorious privilege of Britons!"

"Can it be possible," cried our entertainer, "that there should be any found at present advocates for "slavery? Any who are for meanly giving up the pri"vileges of Britons? Can any, Sir, be so abject."
"No, Sir," replied I, "I am for liberty, that attribute of gods! Glorious liberty! that theme of mo-

"dern declamation. I would have all men kings, I would be a king myself. We have all naturally an equal right to the throne: we are all originally equal. This is my opinion, and was once the opinion of a set of honest men who were called Levellers. They tried to erect themselves into a community, where all should be equally free. But, alas! it would never answer; for there were some among them stronger, and some more cunning than others, and these became masters of the rest; for, as sure as your groom rides your horses, because he is a cunninger animal than they, so

" furely

" furely will the animal that is cunninger or fironger " than he, fit upon his shoulders in turn. Since, then, it is entailed upon humanity to submit; and some are " born to command, and others to obey; the question " is, as there must be tyrants, whether it is better to " have them in the same house with us, or in the same " village, or still farther off, in the metropolis & Now, " Sir, for my own part, as I naturally hate the face of " a tyrant, the farther off he is removed from me, " the better pleased am I. The generality of mankind " also are of my way of thinking; and have unanimously " created one king, whose election at once diminishes " the number of tyrants, and puts tyranny at the greatest " distance from the greatest number of people. Now, " those who were tyrants themselves before the election " of one tyrant, are naturally averse to a power raised " over them, and whose weight must ever lean heaviest " on the subordinate orders. It is the interest of the or great, therefore, to diminish kingly power as much as of possible; because, whatever they take from it, is natu-" rally restored to themselves; and all they have to do " in a flate, is to undermine the fingle tyrant, by which ".they resume their primeval authority. Now, a state " may be so constitutionally circumstanced, its laws may " be fo disposed, and its men of opulence so minded, as " all to confpire to carry on this business of undermining " monarchy. If the circumftances of the flate be fuch, " for instance, as to favour the accumulation of wealth, " and make the opulent still more rich, this will increase " their frength and their ambition. But an accumula-" tion of wealth must necessarily be the consequence in a " flate

" flate, when more riches flow in from external com-" merce, than arise from internal industry; for, external commerce can only be managed to advantage by " the rich: and they have also, at the same time, all " the emoluments arising from internal industry: fo that " the rich, in fuch a state, have two sources of wealth; "whereas the poor have but one. Thus wealth, in all commercial states, is found to accumulate; and such " have hitherto, in time, become aristocratical. Besides " this, the very laws of a country may contribute to " the accumulation of wealth; as, when those natural " ties that bind the rich and poor together, are broken, " and it is ordained, that the rich shall only marry " among each other; or, when the learned are held un-" qualified to ferve their country as counfellors, merely " from a defect of opulence; and wealth is thus made " the object of a wife man's ambition: by these means, " I fay, and fuch means as these riches will accumulate. " The possessor of accumulated wealth, when furnished " with the necessaries and pleasures of life, can employ "the fuperfluities of fortune only in purchasing power: " that is, differently speaking, in making dependents, " in purchasing the liberty of the needy or the venal, of " men who are willing to bear the mortification of conti-" guous tyranny for bread. Thus, each very opulent " man generally gathers round him a circle of the poorest " of people; and the polity abounding in accumulated " wealth may be compared to a Cartefian fystem, each " orb with a vortex of its own. Those, however, who " are willing to move in a great man's vortex, are only " fuch as must be slaves, the rabble of mankind, whose " foule

" fouls, and whose education, are adapted to servitude, " and who know nothing of liberty except the name. "But there must still be a large number of the people " without the fphere of the opulent man's influence, of namely, that order of men which fubfifts between the " very rich and the very rabble; those men who are or possessed of too large fortunes to submit to the neigh-" bouring man in power, and yet are too poor to fet up " for tyranny themselves. In this middle order of mankind are generally to be found all the arts, wisdom, " and virtues of fociety. This order alone is known to " be the true preserver of freedom, and may be called " the People. Now, it may happen, that this middle " order of mankind may lose all its influence in a state, " and its voice be in a manner drowned in that of the " rabble; for, if the fortune sufficient for qualifying a of person at present to give his voice in state affairs, be " ten times less than was judged sufficient, upon forming " the constitution, it is evident, that greater numbers of "the rabble will thus be introduced into the political "fystem; and they, ever moving in the vortex of the " great, will follow where greatness shall direct. In such " a state, therefore, all that the middle order has left, is " to preserve the prerogatives and privileges of the one " principal tyrant, with the most facred circumspection; for he divides the power of the rich, and calls off the er great from falling with tenfold weight on the middle " order placed beneath them. The middle order may " be compared to a town, of which the opulent are forming the fiege, and which the tyrant is haftening to re-" lieve. While the besiegers are in dread of the external " enemy,

" enemy, it is but natural to offer the townsmen the most " fpecious terms; to flatter them with founds, and amufe " them with privileges; but if they once defeat the " tyrant, the walls of the town will be but a small de-" fence to its inhabitants. What they may then expect " may be seen by turning our eyes to Hosland, Genoa, " or Venice; where the laws govern the poor, and the " rich govern the laws. I am then for, and would die " for, monarchy, facred monarchy; for, if there be " any thing facred amongst men, it must be the anointed " fovereign of his people; and every diminution of his power, in war or in peace, is an infringement upon " the real liberties of the subject. The founds of liberty, " patriotism, and Britous, have already done much; it " is to be hoped that the true fons of freedom will pre-" vent their ever doing more. I have known many of " those bold champions for liberty in my time, yet do " I not remember one that was not in his heart and in of his family a tyrant."

My warmth, I found, had lengthened this harangue beyond the rules of good breeding: but the impatience of my entertainer, who often strove to interrupt it, could be restrained no longer. "What!" cried he, "then I have been all this while entertaining a Jesuit in par- fon's cloaths; but, by all the coal mines of Cornwall, out he shall pack, if my name be Wilkinson." I now found I had gone too far, and asked pardon for the warmth with which I had spoken. "Pardon!" returned he, in a fury: "I think such principles demand ten thousand pardons. What! give up liberty, property, and, as the Gazetteer says, lye down to be saddled with "wooden

" wooden shoes! Sir, I insist upon your marching out of " this house immediately, to prevent worse consequences; " Sir, I infift upon it." I was going to repeat my remonstrances; but just then we heard a footman's rap at the door, and the two ladies cried out, " As fure as " death, there is our master and mistress come home." It feems my entertainer was all this while only the butler, who, in his master's absence, had a mind to cut a figure, and be for a while the gentleman himself; and, to say the truth, he talked politics as well as most country gentlemen do. But nothing could now exceed my confusion. upon feeing the gentleman, with his lady, enter; nor was their furprize at finding fuch company and good cheer less than ours. "Gentlemen," cried the real master of the house to me and my companion, "I am your most " humble servant; but I protest this is so unexpected a " favour, that I almost fink under the obligation." However unexpected our company might be to him, his, I am fure, was still more so to us; and I was struck dumb with the apprehensions of my own absurdity, when, whom should I next see enter the room, but my dear Miss Arabella Wilmot, who was formerly designed to be married to my fon George; but whose match was broken off, as already related. As foon as the faw me, the flew to my arms with the utmost joy. " My dear Sir," cried she, " to what happy accident is it that we owe so unexpected " a visit? I am fure my uncle and aunt will be in rap-" tures, when they find they have the good Dr. Primrofe of for their guest." Upon hearing my name, the old gentleman and lady very politely stepped up, and welcomed me with most cordial hospitality. Nor could they forbear

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forbear smiling, upon being informed of the nature of my present visit: but the unfortunate butler, whom they at first seemed disposed to turn away, was, at my intercession, forgiven.

Mr. Arnold and his lady, to whom the house belonged, now infifted upon having the pleasure of my stay for some days; and as their niece, my charming pupil, whose mind, in some measure, had been formed under my own instructions, joined in their intreaties, I complied. That night I was shown to a magnificent chamber; and the next morning early, Miss Wilmot defired to walk with me in the garden, which was decorated in the modern manner. After some time spent in pointing out the beauties of the place, she enquired, with seeming unconcern, when last I had heard from my fon George. " Alas! " Madam," cried I, "he has now been near three years " absent without ever writing to his friends or me. Where " he is, I know not; perhaps I shall never see him or " happiness more. No, my dear Madam, we shall never " more fee fuch pleasing hours as were once spent by our " fire-fide at Wakefield. My little family are now dif-" perfing very fast; and poverty has brought not only " want, but infamy upon us." The good-natured girl let fall a tear at this account; but as I faw her possessed of too much fensibility, I forbore a more minute detail of our fufferings. It was, however, fome confolation to me, to find that time had made no alteration in her affections; and that she had rejected several matches that had been made her fince our leaving her part of the country. She led me round all the extensive improvements of the place, pointing to the feveral walks and arbours, and

at the same time catching from every object a hint for fome new question relative to my fon. In this manner we fpent the forenoon, till the bell fummoned us in to dinner, where we found the manager of the ftrolling company, who was come to dispose of tickets for the Fair Penitent, which was to be acted that evening; the part of Horatio by a young gentleman, who had never appeared on any stage before. He seemed to be very warm in the praises of the new performer, and averred, that he never faw any who bid fo fair for excellence. Acting, he observed, was not learned in a day: " But " this gentleman," continued he, " feems born to tread " the stage. His voice, his figure, his attitudes, are all " admirable. We caught him up accidentally, in our " journey down." This account, in fome measure, excited our curiofity; and, at the intreaty of the ladies, I was prevailed upon to accompany them to the play-house, which was no other than a barn. As the company with which I went was incontestibly the chief of the place, we were received with the greatest respect, and placed in the front feat of the theatre; where we fat for some time, with no fmall impatience, to fee Horatio make his appearance. The new performer advanced at last, and I found it was my unfortunate fon. He was going to begin, when, turning his eyes upon the audience, he perceived us, and flood at once speechless and immoveable. The actors behind the scene, who ascribed this pause to his natural timidity, attempted to encourage him; but instead of going on, he burst into a slood of tears, and retired off the stage. I don't know what were the fenfations I felt; for they succeeded with too much rapidity

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but and enfaidity for for description; but I was soon awaked from this disagreeable reverie by Miss Wilmot, who, pale, and with a trembling voice, defired me to conduct her back to her uncle's. When got home, Mr. Arnold, who was as yet a stranger to our extraordinary behaviour, being informed that the new performer was my fon, fent his coach, and an invitation for him; and as he perfifted in his refusal to appear again upon the stage, the players put another in his place, and we foon had him with us. Mr. Arnold gave him the kindest reception, and I received him with my usual transport; for I could never counterfeit false Miss Wilmot's reception was mixed with resentment. feeming neglect, and yet I could perceive she acted a studied part. The tumult in her mind seemed not yet abated; she faid twenty giddy things that looked like joy, and then laughed loud at her own want of meaning. At intervals, she would take a fly peep at the glass, as if happy in the consciousness of unresisting beauty, and often would ask questions, without giving any manner of attention to the answers.

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